THE Bombay Gazette.

No. 55,451—NEW SERIES, BOMBAY:—THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 28, 1911. PRICE: ONE ANNA

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SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL S. N. COMPANY.

LIST OF DEPARTURES FROM BOMBAY FOR MARSEILLES & LONDON

WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.

Date of Sailing.	Steamer.	Tons.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons.
30th Sept	SALSETTE	6000	MOOLTAN	10050
7th Octr	ARABIA	8000		
14th "	SALSETTE	6000	MALWA	11000
21st "	PERSIA	8000		
28th "	MANTUA b	11000	CHINA	8000
4th Nov.	DELHI	8000		
11th "	SALSETTE	6000	MACEDONIA	10000
18th "	MOREA	11000		
25th "	SALSETTE	6000	MARMORA	10500
2nd Dec.	EGYPT	8000		
9th "	SALSETTE	6000	INDIA	8000
16th "	ARABIA	8000		
22nd "	SALSETTE	6000	MOLDAVIA	10000
30th "	MALOJA	12000		

The above Steamers convey Passengers to Marseilles, Plymouth and London.

Passengers for Brindisi tranship to a connecting Steamer at Port Said.

b The "MANTUA" proceeds direct to LONDON via MALTA and passengers for MARSEILLES tranship at PORTSAID to the "CHINA."

Tenders leave the CARNAC BUNDER on day of sailing. All passengers must attend at that place at 1 P. M. for Medical Inspection by the Health Officer of the Port.

Friends of Passengers cannot go on board the Mail Steamer.

HOMEWARD PASSENGER SEASON 1912.

6th Jan.	SALSETTE	6000	MONGOLIA	10000
13th "	PERSIA	8000		
20th "	SALSETTE	6000	MOOLTAN	10000
27th "	OCEANA	7000		
3rd Feb.	SALSETTE	6000	MALWA	11000
10th "	CHINA	8000		
17th "	SALSETTE	6000	MANTUA	11000
24th "	EGYPT	8000		
2nd Mar.	MACEDONIA	10000		
9th "	ARABIA	8000		
16th "	SALSETTE	6000	MOREA	11000
23th "	*ARCADIA	7000		
23rd "	PERSIA	8000		
30th "	MARMORA	10500		
6th April.	MOOLTAN	10000		
13th "	SALSETTE	6000	MOLDAVIA	10000
20th "	MANTUA	11000		
27th "	SALSETTE	6000	MALOJA	12000
4th May.	EGYPT	8000		
11th "	SALSETTE	6000	MONGOLIA	10000
18th "	ARABIA	8000		

All the above Mail Steamers are fitted with *WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.*

*INTERMEDIATE PASSENGER STEAMER.

The S.S. "ARCADIA," 7,000 tons, will leave BOMBAY, at 2 p.m., on WEDNESDAY, 20th MARCH, 1912, direct for MARSEILLES, PLYMOUTH and LONDON, conveying Passengers in ONE CLASS only at SPECIAL FARES.

	Single.	Return.
To Marseilles .....Rs.	495 or Rs. 594	Rs. 743 or Rs. 891
To London by S.s...Rs.	528 or Rs. 627	Rs. 792 or Rs. 940

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND.

The Company's Steamers leave Bombay fortnightly usually on WEDNESDAYS, taking Passengers for the Straits, China and Japan, and Return Tickets are Issued on favourable terms.

For Accommodation and further information, apply to

W. O. SYMES,
Superintendent,

Bombay.

ELLERMAN'S CITY & HALL LINES.

(JOINT SERVICE)

CORONATION DURBAR AT DELHI

(12th December, 1911.)

Steamers.	Tons.	Leave Liverpool about 1911	Due Bombay about 1911	Leave Karachi about 1911	Leave Bombay about 1911
City of Athens	5391	....	....	12 Oct.	...
City of York	7810	....	11 Oct.	31 Oct.	...
City of Vienna	4672	...	25 Oct.	17 Nov.	...
City of London	9016	14 Oct.	8 Nov.	21 Nov. For Calcutta	
City of Benares	6972	7 Oct.	29 Oct.	23 Nov.	...
Trafford Hall	5321	21 Oct.	17 Nov.	9 Dec.	...
City of Lahore	7162	30 Oct.	21 Nov.	16 Dec. 1912	19 Dec. 1912
City of Birmingham	7000	16 Nov.	9 Dec.	3 Jan.	...
City of Athens	5594	30 Nov.	23 Dec. 1912	13 Jan.	16 Jan.
City of York	7810	16 Dec. 1912	8 Jan.	29 Jan.	1 Feb.
City of Sparta	5413	4 Jan.	27 Jan.	...	13 Feb.
City of Glasgow	6522	13 Jan.	5 Feb.	26 Feb.	29 Feb.
Trafford Hall	5321	23 Jan.	16 Feb.	13 Mar.	...
City of Calcutta	7315	3 Feb.	26 Feb.	23 Mar.	26 Mar.
City of Birmingham	7000	20 Feb.	14 Mar.	6 Apr.	...
City of Vienna	4672	...	...	...	13 Apl.
City of Athens	5391	2 Mar.	21 Mar.	17 Apl.	...
City of York	7810	12 Mar.	3 Apl.	27 Apl.	30 Apl.
City of Sparta	5413	26 Mar.	18 Apl	11 May	...
City of Glasgow	6522	10 Apr.	2 May	25 May	28 May

NOTE.—All the above steamers have second class accommodation except the City of Vienna, and Trafford Hall.

FARES	1rt class Single	1st class Return	2nd class Single	2nd class Return
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
To Marseilles	378	891	429	649
" London via Marseilles	653	1,041	469	839
" Liverpool.	693	957	462	764

Concessions granted to Families, Railway Employees, Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, Tea Planters, etc.

Officers of the Army are exempted from the penalty attached to overstaying their leave by reason of delay in arrival of ships mails provided it is timed to arrive within the period of their leave.

Each steamer carries a duly qualified surgeon and experienced stewardess.

All steamers have Electric Light and Fan fitted in each cabin FREE OF CHARGE.

The Fares given cover all Passage by B.I. Steamer between Bombay and Karachi and vice-versa.

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KILLICK NIXON & CO.

Karachi: Messrs. Forbes, Forbes, Campbell & Co., Ld.

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BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LD.

INTEND TO DESPATCH STEAMERS AS FOLLOWS:—

FOR KARACHI.

Weekly from Victoria Dock.

Steamer.	Tons.	Sailing.	Date.	Time.	Route via.
Dumra	1695	Tues.	26th Sept.	9 a.m.	*via C. M.
Dwarka	1695	Fri.	29th Sept.	6 a.m.	† direct.
Linga	2134	Mon.	2nd Oct.	11 a.m.	‡via P. D. & C. M.

*Cutch Mandvie.
†Or later on arrival of English Mail Steamer.
‡Porebunder, Dwarka and Cutch Mandvie.

FOR KARACHI AND BUSREH (Weekly).

S. S. "Dumra," 1695 tons, on Thursday, 28th Sept. calling at Muscat, Linga, Bushire, and Mahomera.

FOR PERSIAN GULF PORTS.

S.S. "Palitana," 2993 tons, on Wednesday 4th Oct., calling at Veraval, Mangrol, Karachi, Pasni, Gwadur, Charbar, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Dubai, Linga, Bahrein, Bushire, Koweit, Mahomerah and Busreh.

FOR EAST AND SOUTH AFRICA. (Monthly.)

S. S. "Palamcotta," 3413 tons, on or about 5th October, calling at Seychelles, Mombasa, Zanzibar, Mozambique, Beira, Delagoa Bay and Durban.

FOR COAST PORTS COLOMBO AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "Itaura" 5197 tons on or about 4th October.

FOR RANGOON OR CALCUTTA (Direct).

Frequent sailings with onward connections to ports in Arracan, Burma, Straits Settlements, Mauritius, Australia, and New Zealand.

Terms and rates of freight and passage may be arranged with

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Agents, BOMBAY.

28th September, 1911.

AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.

UNDER MAIL CONTRACT WITH THE AUSTRIAN GOVERNMENT

ACCELERATED LINE TO TRIESTE.

Steamers.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on.	
Africa	4720	E. Saberich	1st Octr	1911
Bohemia	4234	G. Gillhuber	16th "	"
Koerber	5423	A. Foresti	1st Nov.	"
Bregenz	3905	A. Petris	16th "	"
Africa	4720	E. Seberich	1st Dec.	"
Bohemia	4234	G. Gillhuber	16th "	"
Koerber	5423	A. Foresti	1st Jan.	1912.
Bregenz	3905	A. Petris	16th "	"
Habsburg	3979	...	1st Feb.	"
Cleopatra	4039	...	16th Feb.	1912
Semiramis	3999	...	1st Mar.	"
Bregenz	3905	A. Petris	16th "	"
Habsburg	3979	...	1st April	"
Cleopatra	4039	...	16th "	"
Semiramis	3999	...	1st May	"
Bregenz	3905	A. Petris	16th "	"
Habsburg	3979	...	1st June	"

ORDINARY LINE via KARACHI.

Steamers.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail about.
China	6017	P. Pavisich	27th Dec. 1911
Fr. Ferdinand	6046	B. Cobol	28th Jan. 1912
Persia	5895	S. Clunak	26th Feb. "
Nippon	6350	E. Tarabochia	28th Mar. "
Vorwaerts	5999	R. Danneeker	27th April "
a Austria	7588	G. Radoich	28th " "
China	6017	P. Pavisich	28th May "
Fr. Ferdinand	6046	B. Cobol	27th June "

a Will not call at Karachi.

SPECIAL REDUCED FARES, ACCELERATED LINE.

Saloon Class to Trieste or Venice	Rs.	450 & 500 *
Saloon Class to Trieste or Venice and back	"	675 to 750*
Saloon Class to London	"	545 " 685*
Saloon Class to London and back	"	865 " 1020*
Intermediate Class to Trieste or Venice		350
Intermediate Class to Trieste or Venice and back	"	525
Intermediate Class to London	"	445
Intermediate Class to London and back	"	715

* Fares according to position of cabin and class of Railway.

ORDINARY LINE.

Saloon Class to Trieste or Venice	Rs.	450
" Class to Trieste or Venice and back	"	675
Saloon Class to London	"	545 to 585
" Class to London and back	"	865 to 945

* Fares according to class of Railway.

RETURN TICKETS available for TWO YEARS ELECTRIC FANS AND LIGHTS are fitted in all the cabins free of charge.

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Single and Return Tickets are issued via Trieste, the St. Gothards, Tarcen and other Routes.

INTERCHANGEABLE RETURN TICKETS are issued to return either by Messageries Maritimes from Marseilles, or Societa Nazionale di Servizi Maritimi from Genoa or Naples to Bombay, or by North German Lloyd from Genoa to Colombo, or vice versa.

STEAMER TO JAPAN via COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI, YOKOHAMA AND KOBE

Steamer	Tons	Captain	To sail about
Fr. Ferdinand	6045	B. Cobol	25th Oct. 1911.

For further information regarding passages apply to

W. DENSO,
Agent, Austrian Lloyd S. N. Coy.

52, Churchgate St., Fort, Bombay.

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PASSAGES	Booked without charge,
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STEAMER PLANS	Sent for Inspection.
HANDBOOK	Giving details of Fares, Sailings, &c., gratis.
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THE BANK OF INDIA, LD.

ESTABLISHED 7TH SEPTEMBER, 1906,

Incorporated under the Indian Companies Act VI. of 1882.

HEAD OFFICE:

ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.

CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED	Rs.	1,00,00,000
CAPITAL CALLED UP	"	50,00,000
RESERVE FUND	"	3,00,000

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INTEREST is allowed on Daily Balances from Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 2½ per cent, per annum and on sums over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangement. No interest which does not amount to Rs. 3 per half-year will be allowed.

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The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.

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IT is prescribed in cases of Nervous Exhaustion, Neurasthenia, Anæmia, Chlorosis to shorten convalescence, loss of manhood etc.

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Unicorn	125°	" "
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WEDDING	CAKE BOXES.
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WEDDING	FAVORS.
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ARE A PROVED CURE Price Re. 1 each.

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for pale people is a valuable remedy in all cases of overwrought brain work, impotency, weakness early stage of consumption and indigestion, etc, etc. Rs. 1-8 each.

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Never before was there anything like it, nor can its marvellous properties ever be equalled in all cases of poorness, impurity, or other imperfection of the blood from whatever cause arising. No sooner is it imbibed into the system than it permeates and penetrates to the minutest capillaries, overcoming and expelling the virus of disease, wherecsoever and in whatsoever form met with, removing all blotches, pimples, scurf, scurvy, scrofulous and glandular swellings, discolorations, roughness and unsightly patches, &c. Its effects are almost magical in the treatment of gout, rheumatism, sciatica, lumbago, pains and swellings of the joints, discharges, secondary symptoms, eczema, lepra, psoriasis, bad legs, bad breasts, abscesses, ulcers, sores, goitre or Derbyshire neck. It improves the general health, and quickly removes long-standing bronchitis, asthma and hacking, straining, spasmodic cough, too often the precursor of consumption.

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LAYS OF THE LAW.—A Selection of Bar Leading Cases. By W. H. H., Bo. 1. Apply No. 404 care of "Bombay Gazette" Office.

ROUNDABOUT BOMBAY. By James Douglas. Bo. 5. Apply Box No. 436, care of Bombay Gazette Office.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.

The insertion of Advertisements in the "Bombay Gazette" is not guaranteed unless they are delivered at the office by 6 p.m. on the day preceding that on which they are to appear.

TO

SHAPURJEE B. BROACHA, Esq.,

SHERIFF OF BOMBAY,

BOMBAY.

SIR,—WE, the Undersigned Citizens of Bombay, have the honour to request you to convene a PUBLIC MEETING of the Inhabitants of this City, in the Town Hall, at an early date to express public approval of the intended action of the Local Government in regard to the suppression of GAMBLING on the TURF.

Cowasji Jehangir.	Currimbhoy Ebrahim.
N. G. Chandavarkar.	D. D. Davar.
Vithaldas D. Thakersey.	M. A. Jinnah.
Adamji Peerbhoy.	Bhalchandra Krishna.
Herman Jurgens, S. J.	Sassoon David.
Ibrahim Rahimtoola.	Bomanjee Dinshaw Petit.
Manmohandas Ramji.	Goculdas K. Parekh.
Lalubhoy Samaldas.	C. M. Cursetji,
H. A. Wadya.	Amiruddin Tayebji.
Abdulhusein Adamji Peerbhoy.	Cowasji Jalbhoy Sett.
M. C. Murzban.	Vishnu Krishna Bhatvadekar.
Narandas Purshotamdas.	Rustomji Byramji Jeejibhoy.
F. Sorabji Taleyarkhan.	Bhaishanker Nanabhoy
Narotam Morarji Goculdas.	Ferdoonji M. Dastoor.
D. N. Bahadurji.	Mulji Bhavanidas Barbhaya.
Gulabchand M. Damania.	Dinshaw Jeejibhoy Vakil.
Hiraji K. Kola.	Ramnarayan Harnandrai.
Jugmohandas Vurjivandas.	Jehangir Bomanjee Petit.
Pheroze C. Sethna.	Soonderdas Narandas.
Mahomedali Adamji Peerbhoy.	Nusserwanji Merwanji Patell.
Chunilal D. Saraya.	Cowasji Edulji Dadachanji.
Jafer Rahimtoola.	D. G. Padhye.
Dadiba M. Dalal.	Dhanjibhoy Bomanjee Petit.
K. Natrajan.	Currimbhoy Adamji Peerbhoy.
J. J. Vithaldalal.	Ferdoonji Merwanji Banaji.
Bhagvandas Madhavdas.	Pestonji M. Kanga.
K. K. Santoke.	Pallonji Burjorji Desai.
V. S. Bhandarker.	Sorab K. Nariman.
Phirozsha M. Dalal.	Ramchandra B. Mantri.
Byramji Rustomji B. Jeejibhoy.	Ebrahim Adamji Peerbhoy.
Popat Parbhuram.	Dadabhoy Framji Cama.
Phirozeshaw Nusserwanji Patell.	Ellapa Balaram.
Morarji Vussonji Munjee.	S. H. Batliwalla.
Dadabhoy Naoroji Saher.	Madhavji Virji.
Hansraj Pragji Thackersey.	N. B. Sakalatwalla.
N. V. Mandlik.	Chatarbhooj Shivji.
D. M. Wadia.	A. F. Davar.
J. K. Daji.	N. J. Readymoney.

AND FIVE HUNDRED OTHERS.

IN accordance with the above Requisition, I hereby CALL A PUBLIC MEETING of the Inhabitants of Bombay, in the TOWN HALL, on TUESDAY, the 3rd October, 1911, at 5-45 P. M. (S. T.)

S. B. BROACHA,
Sheriff of Bombay.

Bombay, 26th September, 1911.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

CONSIGNEES OF CARGO per P. & O. S. N. Company's Chartered Steamer s. s. "HORLEY," from LONDON and INTERMEDIATE PORTS, are hereby informed of the vessel's arrival, and requested to take immediate delivery of their goods landed at No. 15 Shed, Victoria Dock.

Captain Ericson, the Surveyor, will attend every morning to survey damaged packages. All claims in this respect must be preferred to the undersigned within 7 days from the date of discharge, and Bills should be presented for payment within one month from the steamer's arrival, otherwise they will not be entertained.

No Surveys will be held on bag cargo packed in single gunnies only, or on goods removed from the Landing Shed.

W. C. SYMES,
SUPERINTENDENT,
P. & O. S. N. Co.

THE ASSOCIATED EXCHANGE BANKS.

THE ASSOCIATED EXCHANGE BANKS will be CLOSED on MONDAY, the 2nd proximo, being a Public Holiday under the Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881.

BOMBAY BARODA AND CENTRAL INDIA RAILWAY.

DELHI CORONATION DURBAR.

NORTH-EAST ROUTE.	NORTH-WEST ROUTE
Corridor—Restaurant Car Express between Bombay and Delhi, from 1st November.	Mail Train between Bombay and Delhi from 1st November, via Ahmedabad, Abu and Jaipur. Restaurant Car between Ahmedabad and Ajmer.
DOWN.	DOWN.
Bombay (Colaba) D. 22-0	Bombay (Colaba) D. 21-30
Delhi ..... A. 6-45	Delhi ..... A. 8-45
UP.	UP.
Delhi ..... D. 22-45	Delhi ..... D. 21-0
Bombay (Colaba) A. 7-20	Bombay (Colaba) A. 8-15

ADDITIONAL EXPRESS TRAINS will be run when necessary leaving Bombay in the evening and arriving at Delhi at a convenient hour in the morning.

Passengers holding RETURN TICKETS by the B. B. & C. I. Railway broad-gauge route to Delhi have the option of using the Metre-gauge route via Ahmedabad on either the outward or return journey.

QUICK DESPATCH OF GOODS TO DELHI.

A Special Fast Express Goods Service will run daily by the Broad-gauge route for the conveyance of Motor Cars, Carriages, Horses, Furniture, etc.

FREDERICK W. HANSON,
General Traffic Manager.

Bombay, 3rd August, 1911.

WANTED.

EUROPEAN, young, energetic and of good address TO CANVASS for ADVERTISEMENTS. One with previous experience preferred. Apply with credentials to GENERAL MANAGER, "Bombay Gazette."

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

NOTICE is hereby given that DEVRAM KEWJI MISTRY, has contracted TO SELL, to our client, the property mentioned in the Schedule hereunder written.

All persons any claim against the said property either by way or inheritance, gift, sale, mortgage, charge, lien, case, easement or otherwise any are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the Undersigned at their Office, at No. 14K Hummum Street, Fort, within 14 days from the date hereof otherwise the purchase will be completed without reference to any such claim and the same if any, will be considered as waived.

THE SCHEDULE ABOVVE REFERRED TO.

All those 2 pieces or parcels of land or ground now formed into one together with the messuages, tenements, stables, chawls and dwelling-houses standing thereon, situate, lying and being at Bapty Road without the Fort of Bombay, in the Registration District and Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement Three thousand three hundred and forty-six (3346) Square Yards or thereabouts, and Registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Collector's Old Nos. 163,1420, 421, 432, 449, 479 and A-3 470, New Nos. 13672, 13906, 13938, 14013 and 13925, 1 14626, Old Survey No. 55, and New Survey Nos. 6936 1 and and in the Books of the Assessor and Collec- 6935, tor of Municipal Rates and Taxes under E Ward Ward Nos. 2466, 2467(1) 2467(2) 2467(3) 2469, 2470 and 2471 and Street Nos. 231, 233, 233A, 233B, 2a7, 1 and 1a and bounded as follows:—that is to say on or towards the North by the vacant land belonging to the Municipality of Bombay, on or towards the South by the aforesaid Bapty Road on or towards East by the properties of Esufally Bunglowala and others and on or towards the West partly by the property of Essaji Tajbhoy and partly by the vacant land belonging to the Municipality of Bombay and which said premises are at present in the occupation of the tenants of the said Devram Keshowji.—Dated this 27th day of September, 1911.

BICKNELL, MERWANJI & ROMER,
Purchaser's Attorneys.

FOR SALE, WANTED, &C.

ST. GEO. HOSPITAL NURSING ASSOCIATION, BOMBAY.

WANTED, middle of November, at WARD SISTER, fully trained Nurse European must have had experience in training Probationer Nurses.

Salary Rs. 70 rising to Rs. 100 per mensem, with board, Uniform, &c.

For particulars apply to

LADY SUPERINTENDENT,
St. George's Hospital

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NEW and Second-hand English-built CARRIAGES for SALE.

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FURNITURE of the latest design for sale and on hire.

HOUSES FURNISHED with neat Furniture

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Silver Reserve Fund	$ 1675000
Gold Reserve Fund	$ 1,600,00

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RESERVE FUNDS...	... „ 17,150,000

HEAD OFFICE:—YOKOHAMA.

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Hankow	Peking
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NOTICE.

THE FILE of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" may be seen at the Office of the MANAGER of "The Empire Ld.," at No. 12 A, Mission Row, Calcutta, and the file of "THE EMPIRE" may be seen at the Office of "The Bombay Gazette Ld."

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9¼ inch by 4¼ inch ...Rupee 1 per hundred*
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* If printed on flap there will be an additional charge of Rs. 3 per 1,000.
5 13-16 inch by 3 3/8 inch Rs. 2½ per thousand*
If printed on flap Rs. 4 per thousand.

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Only Advertisement for Clerks, Servants, &c., Goods for Sale or Wanted are accepted in this Column.

RATES.—(Cash only). Not exceeding three lines, Rs. 1. Each succeeding line, annas 8. Minimum charge Re. 1.

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AN INVITATION—Meals which cost Rs. 2 and Rs. 3 elsewhere, can be got at the RAILWAY HOTEL, Bombay, Grant Road, for nearly half the rate. Give it a trial and judge for yourselves. Only genuine Wines and Liquors stocked and sold at moderate rates. Brand-new Billiard Tables. Very easy terms for permanent residents. Dinners served till late hours.

BURMA AFTER THE CONQUEST.—By Grattan Geary. Re. 1. Apply "Bombay Gazette" Office.

BOOKS FOR SALE.—GARNETT'S "International Library of Famous Literature" 20 vols; "Scribner" '80 to '82 five vols; "Century" '84 and '85, 4 vols. Offers. Box 2693, care of this Office.

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SATISFACTION FOR 10 YEARS.—I have great pleasure to certify that Singer's Sewing Machine gave me every satisfaction for 10 years, during which time they have been in use in my family.—GORDHUNDAS GOCULDAS TEJPAL Malabar Hill, Bombay.

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TURKEY.—"Through Asiatic Turkey," Bombay to the Bosphorous. Two Volumes. By Grattan Geary. Rs. 10. Apply Box No. 4, 9. care of "Bombay Gazette" Office

ELECTRICAL PRINTING.—The "Bombay Gazette" Office is located at No. 2 GREEN STREET, behind the Bank of Bombay, where a complete Electric Installation supplies the Motive Power for the working of the Machinery, thus economising labour and facilitating work. The Management is therefore able to offer Constituents expedition and economy in rates. Quotation given for all sorts of Printing Work, Binding, Stationery, etc.

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OLD ISSUES of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE," when available, are supplied at the following special Prices :—If of a date over one and within 3 months, 8 annas a copy; over three months old and within 12 months, one rupee per copy; over 12 months old, and additional rupee for each year; and whenever a search is necessary, an additional fee of Rs. 2 must be paid in advance.

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SALES BY AUCTION.

CRAWFORD & COMPANY,
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AUCTION SALE OF VERY VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTIES AT BENGALPOORA OR UMERKHARY ROAD, OTHERWISE CALLED NISHANPADA ROAD, KHADAK, OUT OF FORT.

H. C. Suit No. 111 of 1909.

Abdul Kader Abdul Hakim

vs.

Mahomedally Goolam Hossein and others.

Notice is hereby given that the undermentioned two valuable immoveable properties will be put up for sale by Public Auction in one lot by Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co., the Auctioneers, THIS DAY, THURSDAY, the 28th day of September, 1911, at 4-30 p.m. (S. T.), at the premises pursuant to a Consent Decree and Decretal Order of Reference dated the 3rd day of April, 1911, and made in suit No. 111 of 1909 filed in the High Court of Judicature at Bombay and under instructions from Messrs. Crawford Brown and Co. and Messrs. Tyebjee Dayabhai and Co.

PARTICULARS OF PROPERTIES.

Firstly.—All that piece or parcel of Fazendary land or ground (of which Ruttonji Maneckji Jinnah is the Fazendar) containing by admeasurement 170 square yards or thereabouts together with a tenement building or dwelling house standing thereon consisting of 3 upper storeys and one ground floor situate at Bengalpura or Umerkhary Road, otherwise called Nishanpada Road without the Fort of Bombay in the Registration District and Sub-district of Bombay and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Collector's New Survey No. 2-3159 and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under B. Ward No. 2909, Street No. 126—128 and bounded as follows:—On or towards the East by Nishanpada Road on or towards the south by the property of Valli Juma and on or towards the West by a sweeper's gully and the property of Wardhman Poonsi and on or towards the North by the property secondly herein after described.

Secondly.—All that piece or parcel of Fazendari land or ground (of which Ruttonji Maneckji Jinnah is the Fazendar) containing by admeasurement 260 square yards or thereabouts together with a tenement building or dwelling house standing thereon situate at Bengalpura or Oomerkhady Road, otherwise called Nishanpada Road without the Fort of Bombay in the Registration District and Sub-district of Bombay and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Collector's New Survey No. 2-3159 and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under B. Ward No. 2910 and Street Nos. 130—136 and bounded as follows :—On or towards the North by the property of Goolam Hoossein Shaik Mia Jan on or towards the South by property first hereinbefore described on or towards the East by Nishanpada Road aforesaid and on or towards the West by a sweeper's gully and the property of Wardhman Poonsi.

For further particulars and printed conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Crawford Brown and Co., Solicitors, who have the conduct of the sale or to the undersigned.

SALE of SPECTACLE SHOP, CUPBOARDS, SPECTACLES, etc.

Under instructions from R. D. Fethna, Esq., Official Assignee and Assignee of the estate of Casum Hosain Telly, Hassum Hosain Telly and Ahmed Hosain Telly, who traded in the name of the English Spectacle Co., also as Cassum Hosain Bros., as Spectacle Merchants, Insolvents, Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co., will sell by Public Auction, at Khara Koova, Moti Bazar, out of Fort, THIS DAY, THURSDAY, the 28th September, at 3 p.m. (S. T.), set of sliding glass door cupboards and drawers, leather and paper spectacle cases of different sizes, spectacle frames, pebbles and glasses, shop furniture, gas brackets, etc.

Cash will be required at the time of sale, and the goods are on view.

IMPORTANT TO QUARRY CONTRACTORS AND MACHINERY MERCHANTS.

AUCTION SALE of Valuable Quarry Machinery of the Hyderabad Granite Co., at Lingampali, 2nd Station from Hyderabad, Deccan.

Under instructions, Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co., will sell by Public Auction, on WEDNESDAY, the 4th day of October 1911 and the following day (sale commencing at 11 a.m. each day), at the above address, the property of the Hyderabad Granite Co., sold upon the completion of the contract for which the above Company was formed between Messrs. Price, Wills and Reeves and Nawab Kamal Yar Jung, for the purpose of carrying out certain contracts for the supply of Granite for the New Dock Works, at Bombay.

Valuable English plant specially imported since 1907. The machinery to be sold includes steam cranes, a multubular boiler (Gwynne & Co., London,) air compressing plant (Richard Schram & Co., London,) a screw cutting and surfacing lathe, compressed air driven stone dressing plant hand cranes, anvils, trucks, rails and all other plants, and tools, in use at a quarry in full working order, and including a large quantity of corrugated iron sheets, some bullocks and carts and office and bungalow furniture.

Catalogues giving full details will be supplied on application to Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co., Auctioneers, 16 Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay.

CRAWFORD & Co.

Bombay, 23th September, 1911.

J. S. MODY AND COMPANY,
AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS,
24-26 Bank Street, Fort,

BONA-FIDE SALE.

AUCTION SALE of very valuable and artistic drawing, dining and bed room furniture by Breslauer at No. 17 Cuffe Parade on Colaba Reclamation near the Colaba Railway Station.

THIS DAY, THURSDAY, the 28th Sept, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.) Messrs. J. S. MODY and Co, Auctioneers will sell by Public Auction at No. 17 Cuffe Parade on Colaba Reclamation the very valuable and artistic mahogany stained drawing, dining and bed room furniture by Breslauer such as Chesterfield couch and easy chairs, ladies' couch, round and square tables, ladies' writing table and chairs, ladies' easy chairs, hanging book cases, occasional round and card tables, book-case, large green and small red Jaipore carpets, large durrie antique China jar, Cashmere embroidered curtains, China silk embroidered purdah, hazaro photeries drapes, large round brass tray and bowls, lot of valuable books, dining room table and chairs, dinner wagon, side-board, Indian carpet, rich glass and crockery and best plated ware, iron bedsteads with wire and horse hair mattresses, mirror door wardrobes dressing and wash-hand tables, chest of drawers, etc, etc, the property of S. J. Tellery, Esq.

N. B.—The above entire furniture is made by Breslauer and is in excellent condition.

Catalogues are published and the property is on view.

J. S. MODY & CO.

Bombay, 28th September, 1911.

ACCIDENTS AND DISEASES
INCLUDING
SMALL-POX, PLAGUE, ENTERIC FEVER
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£6 Indian Agents £7
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BOMBAY

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BANKS.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LD.

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PAID UP CAPITAL.....	£ 1,000,000
RESERVE FUND.....	£ 850,000

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Lahore	Colombo,	Kisumu,
Amritsar,	Kandy	Jinja,
Delhi,	Newara-Eliya,	Kampala,
Cawnpore	Aden (Camp.)	Entebbe.
Tuticorin,	Aden, (Steamer Point)	

FIXED DEPOSITS.—The Bank receives DEPOSITS FIXED for one year and shorter periods, at Rates of Interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened to a proved Customers, and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Re. 1 half-yearly.

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DRAFTS are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the principal Cities of Europe, Africa, America, and Australia. Remittances may be made by telegram.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares and receive same for safe custody, collecting Interest and Dividends when due.

LOANS and CASH CREDITS granted on approved securities.

Post Box No. 141, W. J. K. HEGARTY
BOMBAY. Acting Manager.

THE BANK OF BURMA, LD

Subscribed Capital	.....	Rs. 20,00,000
Paid up Capital	.....	„ 17,62,500
Reserve Fund	.....	„ 5,75,000

LONDON BANKERS—PARR'S BANK, Ld., and WILLIAMS DEACON'S BANK, LD.

Agents and Correspondents throughout India,

HEAD OFFICE—RANGOON.

BRANCHES:—CALCUTTA, MADRAS and BOMBAY

CURRENT ACCOUNTS may be opened with Rs. 150 and upwards and interest at 2½ per cent. per annum will be allowed upon daily balances upto Rs. 10,000, provided the sum accrued amounts to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received as follows:—For 1 year at 5 per cent. For 6 and 9 months at 5 per cent. per annum. Special rates for Shorter periods between October and May.

SAVINGS BANK DEPOSIT FUND.—Sums as small as Rs. 10 are received in this account and interest allowed thereon at 5 per cent. per annum subject to the Rules of the Fund which may be obtained on application. Cheques on the Presidency Towns, Karachi and Rangoon, also Currency Notes of these circles received free of Charge in Fixed Deposit, and Savings Bank Deposit, Accounts.

Purchase and Sale of Stock effected and every description of banking business transacted.

F. D. STRANACK,
Manager
Standard Buildings Bombay, 31st December, 1910.

COX & CO.,
BANKERS AND AGENTS.
BOMBAY, RAWAL PINDI, KARACHI, MURREE, AND SRINAGAR (KASHMIR)

CALCUTTA BRANCH will open 1st November, in Bankshall Street.

BANKING BUSINESS of every description transacted.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received, rates of INTEREST to be obtained upon application.

SAVINGS BANK ACCOUNTS opened, terms on application.

LETTERS OF CREDIT issued, and DRAFTS granted on London at the Current Rate of Exchange, and on Branches and Agencies throughout India,

TELEGRAPHIC REMITTANCES made and ADDRESSES Registered in London free of charge.

INSURANCES of every description effected.

SHIPPING, PASSAGE AND AGENCY BUSINESS of every description, including IMPORT and EXPORT of CARGO and BAGGAGE, with STORAGE of Baggage and other goods, effected by COX'S SHIPPING AGENCY, Limited, in connection with Messrs. Cox & Co., SAILING LISTS and HANDBOOK supplied on application.

A copy of the half yearly Balance Sheet will be forwarded on application.

HEAD OFFICE:
16, CHARING CROSS, LONDON, S. W.

RUSSO ASIATIC BANK.

Capital (Fully Paid)	Rbls.	35,000,000 = say £3,690,000
Capital (subscribed by the Imperial Chinese Government) Kouping Taels	„	3,500,000 = say £ 455,000
Reserve Fund	„	19,500,000 = say £2,055,000
		£6,200,000

HEAD OFFICE:—ST. PETERSBURG.
LONDON OFFICE:—11, Threadneedle Street, E.C.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES.

Aakhabad	Hankow	Paris
Baku	Harbin	Peking
Batoum	Hongkong	Samarkand
Bokhara	Karachi	Shanghai
Bombay	London	Tientsin
Calcutta	Moscow	Vladivostock
Chefoo	Newchwang	Yokohama
Colombo	Odessa	

And numerous other Branches throughout Russia and Siberia.

Current Accounts opened and Fixed Deposits received on terms to be ascertained on application. Bills of Exchange purchased, Loans granted on approved security and all description of Banking business transacted.

SELF CURE NO FICTION! NO SUFFERER NEED NOW DESPAIR. THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY.
THERAPION No. 1
in a remarkably short time, often a few days only, Cures discharge (either urine) speedily by injection
THERAPION No. 2
Cures blood poison, bad legs, ulcers, sores, painful swelled joints, &c. when mercurial treatment fails.
THERAPION No. 3
Cures chronic weakness, lost vigor and vital force.
Either Number Therapion & all self treatment directions enclosed, of chemists or post free 3/- from The Le Clerc Medicine Co., Haverstock Rd., Hampstead, London, Eng. Try New Dragee (Tasteless) Form of Therapion, easy to take, safe, lasting cure. Trade Marked word 'THERAPION' is on British Govt. Stamp affixed to every genuine packet.
THERAPION
CURES TO STAY CURED.
SOLD BY TREACHER & Co.,
BOMBAY. BYCULLA AND POONA

NOTICE.

THE RETAIL PRICE of "THE BOMBAY GAZETTE," in Poona, Kirkee, &c., is 2 annas per copy.

The rates for Subscribers are unaltered, viz., Rs. 37-8 per annum credit, or Rs. 30 in advance, post free.

INSURANCES.

NORTH BRITISH
AND
MERCANTILE INSURANCE COMPANY.
ESTABLISHED 1809.

CHIEF OFFICES:
EDINBURGH: 64, Princes Street.
LONDON: 61, Threadneedle Street.
Total funds exceed.....£21,000,000.

A BONUS

has just been declared at the rate of 30 shillings per cent per annum and is allocated on the Compound system. This Bonus is therefore equivalent to an addition of from Rs. 15 per thousand on new Policies to Rs. 36-8 per thousand on the oldest Policies which have thus been doubled in amount by such additions of bonuses.

INDIAN LIVES are insured at European rates of premium. For Prospectuses and Proposal Forms, etc., apply to

KING, KING & Co.
Secretaries.

KING'S BUILDING, BOMBAY.

N. B.—WANTED Energetic and Influential AGENTS on exceptionally liberal terms.

REDUCED RATES.
GRESHAM LIFE OFFICE.
RESULTS FOR 1910.

Policies issued...	...6,650 for	£.	2,345,781
New Premiums (1910)	...	„	109,674
Annual Income	...	„	1,451,086
Assets	...	„	10,466,010
Total Payments under Policies		„	26,765,113
Actuarially Certified Profits for the Quinquennium ending December 31st 1910		£	442,000

CALL FOR 1908 PROSPECTUS.

WORLD WIDE POLICIES.

Indian Lives at European Rates.

Assurances, Old Age Pensions, Children's Endowments, &c., &c.

Apply—

CROFT MODY & CO.,
CHIEF AGENTS FOR India, Burma and Ceylon
GRESHAM BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.

THE
ORIENTAL
LIFE ASSURANCE
COMPANY LIMITED.
ESTABLISHED 1874.
FUNDS OVER RS. 3,75,00,000
INVESTED IN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.
LOW PREMIUMS.
GENEROUS CONDITIONS.
PROMPT PAYMENT OF CLAIMS.
ECONOMICAL MANAGEMENT

For Prospectus, containing all particulars, apply to

R. PATERSON BROWN,
MANAGER.

STANDARD
LIFE OFFICE.
ESTABLISHED 1825.

CLAIMS PAID	£ 28,590,000
ACCUMULATED FUNDS...	12,750,000
ANNUAL REVENUE	1,525,000
BONUS DECLARED.....	8,170,000

A Reversionary Bonus at the rate of 1½ per cent (or Rs. 15 per Rs. 1,000 assured) per annum, has been declared for the five years ended 15th November, 1910.

NEW SCHEMES.

DOUBLE ENDOWMENTS at English Rates, CHILDREN'S ENDOWMENTS and EDUCATIONAL ANNUITIES with return of all premiums in the event of child's death.

For full information apply to

F. A. PREVOST,
Secretary,
Bombay Branch.

BINNY & Co., Ltd.,
Chief Agents, Madras.

THE
BOMBAY GAZETTE

TOWN SUBSCRIBERS.

| | Subscription, Rate. | Discount Rate

DAILY MARKET REPORT.

LONDON MARKETS.

LONDON, Sept. 26.] [BOMBAY, Sept. 27.

FINANCIAL.

	Rates.	Fins.	Mings.
3 1-2 per cent. Consols ...	77 5-16	1-16	
do. Rentes ...	94 1-4	un	chgd
1-2 do. Sterling Loan ...	92 1-2	un	chgd
1-2 do. Gov. Securities...	83 5-8	1-8	
Bar Silver in London ...	24 1-1	un	chgd
do. 2 months' hence...	24 3-8	un	chgd
Bar Silver in New York ...	52 1-2	un	chgd
Exchange on London at Paris ...	25-17 1-2	01	
do. do. at Berlin...	20-48	01	
do. do. New York ..	4 86 1-2	un	chgd
Discount Bank of England Rate...	4 p.c.	since	
do. Short London Bills	21st Sept		
3 months' sight ..	3 15-16	1-8	
do. Indian Bank Bills			
6 months' sight...	4 1-8		
do. 3 months' Fine			
Trade Bills...	4 1-4	1-8	
do. 6 months' Fine			
Trade Bills...	4 1-2	un	chgd
Interest day-to-day Loans ...	2 1-8		
do. 7 day Market Loans...	2 3-4	un	chgd

Bar Gold 77-9 unchgd

Exchange on India, 30 days' sight (Bank's buying rate) 1 3 15-16 unchgd.

Closing Tone of Silver—Buyers satisfied.

COTTON.

LIVERPOOL—

Spot	Easier.	Moderate business.
Futures	...	Easy.
East Indian	...	.....
Manchester	Firm with a fair demand.	
Total Sales	...	7,000 Bales.
Sold on Speculation and for Export		1,000 ,,
Imports	...	36,000 ,,
Mid-Americans	...	6 13-32
Egyptian F. G. F. Brown		10 unchgd

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES :—

Sept.-Oct.	Oct.-Nov.	Nov.-Dec.	Dec.-Jan.	Jan.-Feb
5·65	5·60	5·53	5·53	5·53
—05	—05	—05	—05	—05
Feb.-Mar.	**Mar.-April.**	**April-May.**	**May-June.**	
5·52	5·54	5·55	5·55	
—05	—05	—05	—05	

New York Official noon call Oct. 10·19 Jan. 10·30.
New Orleans 10 a.m. Oct. 10·29 Jan. 10·39

NEW YORK—

	Bales.
Receipts at all U. S. Ports ...	84,000
Receipts at U. S. Last year ...	84,000
Exports to Great Britain ...	1,000
Exports to Continent ...	17,000
Spot Cotton— ...	10·50 unchgd
Futures—Month of Oct. 10-21 +03	Declined on weakness in southern spot markets and to increased offerings and advanced on foreign buying.
Futures—Month of Dec. 10-19 +03	

NEW ORLEANS—

Spot Cotton ...	10 9-16—1-16
Futures—Month of Oct. ...	10-28+07
Do. do Dec. ...	10-33+07
Tone of Spot Cotton ...	steady.

The Census Bureau reports the supply of cotton at 13,555,000 bales.

ADDITIONAL QUOTATIONS.

Good Bengal M. G.	d 5 2-16
F. G. Bengal M. G.	d 5 4-16
Fine Bengal M. G.	d 5 6-16
Good Bhownagger	d 5 9-16
F. G. Bhownagger	d 5 11-16
Fine bownagger	d 5 13-16
Good Oomras M. G.	d 5 10-16
F. G. Oomras M. G.	d 5 12-16
Fine Oomras M. G.	d 5 14-16
Good M. G. Oomras	d 5 8-16
Fine M. G. Oomras	d 5 13-16
Good Broach	d 5 13-16
F. G. Broach	d 5 15-16
Fine Broach	d 6 2-16
Good Khandeish	d 5 7-16
F. G. Khandeish	d 5 9-16
Good Timnevelly	d 6 4-16

YARN.

46s Banner Mill Twist ...	10 3-8
George Mayall's Yarn ...	10 1-4

WHEAT.

Wheat White Karachi ...6—1-2
Do. Months—Oct.-Nov.
Do. Name of Ports—London—Value.
Wheat Red Karachi ...Nominal.
Tone—Quiet.

SOUTH AMERICAN.

Rosario Santa Fe-62lbs. ...No Sellers.
Barletta Russo 62 1-2lbs.—Nominal—No Sellers.

SOUTH AUSTRALIAN.

South Australian ...37
Do Month—Oct.-Nov.—Sellers.
Victorian ...37
Do Months—Oct.-Nov.—Sellers.
New South Wales ...37
Do. Months—Oct.-Nov.—Sellers.

SEEDS

RAPESEED—

Yellow Cawnpore per 416 lbs 85 p.c ex-ship Nominal.
Yellow Gujarat, per 416 lbs. 85 p.c.ex-ship 56 unchgd
Do. Months—Oct.-Nov.
Do. Name of Ports.—Dunkirk.—Sellers.
Brown Cawnpore ...50 3-4—1-2
Do. Months—Sept.-Oct.
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp.—Sellers.
Tone of Rapeseed—Dull.

LINSEED—

Bombay, per 416 lbs ex-ship ... 75 1-4—3-4
Do. Months—Sept.-Oct.
Do. Name of Ports.—Antwerp—Done.
Tone of Linseed—Easier.
Linseed Argentine—La Plata ...68—1-4
Do. Months—Oct.-Nov.
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp.—Done

MISCELLANEOUS.

COFFEE—

In New York Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality) ... ... 14 unchgd

RUBBER—

Para Rubber ...4 9 1-2—Sept.-Oct.—Value—Firm

METALS—

Copper Beaters ...	£ 65 3-4
Yellow Metal ...	d 61-8
Standard Copper G. M. B. ...	£ 54 7-16

FREIGHT—

Coals :—Cardiff to Bombay Canal ...Nominal.

Wool skin sale closed to-day quiet but steady. Total amount sold 25,000.

Vicanore first white highest 10 3-4.
,, ,, ,, lowest 9 1-2.
,, ordinary white highest 9.
,, ,, ,, lowest 8.
Candahar first ,, highest 9 1-2.
,, ,, ordinary ,, highest 8 3-4.
,, ,, ,, lowest 7 1-2.
Bicanere white highest 8 1-2.
,, ,, lowest 7.

SUGAR—

German Granulated Sugar C & F India (Double bags) ...20-3—Sellers.
Do. Months of Shipment...Oct.-Dec.
Tone—Steady—Still without activity.
Hungarian Crystals Sugar C & F India ...19 10 1-2—Nominal.
Do Months of Shipments ...Oct.-Dec.
Tone—Entirely neglected.
German Beet-root 88 p.c. ...17 6—Sellers.
Months of Shipments ...October.
Tone—Dull. Opened firm, closed quieter.
B A B & Similar Crystal C & F India ...23—Nominal.
Months of Shipments ...Jan.-March.
Tone—Firm but nothing doing.
Mauritius Crystals C & F Calcutta and Bombay ...17-3—Value.
Months of Shipments ...Sept.-Oct.
Tone—Firm.

JAVA SUGAR.

Raw Java Nos. 16×13 C and F Calcutta ... .
Sept.-Nov.—16 4 1-2—Value.
July-Oct.—1912—13-3—Value.
Raw Java C and F Bombay and Karachi ... .
Do. do. ... .
Sept.-Nov.—16-6—Value.
July-Oct.—1912—13 4 1-2—Value.
Fine White Java C&F Calcutta ... .
Do, do, ...
Sept.-Nov.—16 6—Value.
July-Oct.—1912—15-6—Value.
Fine White Java C and F Bombay and Karachi ... .
Sept.-Nov.—16 7 1-2—Value.
July-Oct.—1912—15 7 1-2—Value.
General Tone—Firm but little doing.

BOMBAY MARKETS.

WEDNESDAY EVENING.] [27th Sept. 1911.

IMPORTS OF TREASURE.

Packages.	Value.	From	Importers
1 Parcel Silver.	Rs. 50	London.	Hong Kong Bank.

EXPORTS OF BAR SILVER FROM BOMBAY BY RAIL on 25th Sept. 1911.

By	Bars	Ounces
G I P Railway ...	69	76,371
B B and C I Railway ...	30	35,578

FINANCIAL.

EXCHANGE :—We quote :—

T. T. on London	...1s. 4 1-16d.
Demand Draft	...1s. 4 3-32d.
Credits 3 months' sight	...1s. 4 9-32d.
Do. do forward	...1s. 4 5-16d. 15 Oct.
Do. do France	...171 1-4
Do. do Marks	...138 1-4
Hongkong 60 days' sight	...132 1-2
Shanghai ,,	...176
Japan ,,	...150 1-2

GOVERNMENT PAPER :—

Ready...	Rs.	95	3 0
29th Sept	,,	95	3 0
31st Oct	,,	94	14 0

BULLION :—We quote :—

English Bar Gold	Rs	23	15 0
Australian ,, ...	,,	23	15 0
Sovereigns ,, ...	,,	15	0 0
Silver Ready ex duty ...	,,	61	9 0
,, 1st Settlement ...	,,	61	9 0
,, 2nd ,, ...	,,	61	11 0

COTTON.

MARKET REPORT :—

After many days of continual decline in the American markets a slight recovery has taken place due to natural reaction. The heavy receipts at the United States Ports indicate a large crop and the South is still offering freely.

In some of the Bengal districts heavy rain is reported and the damage to the crop is said to be serious. The market opened to-day Rs. 4 to 5 higher. Native speculators have bought a few contracts of Good Broach March.

The enquiry for ready cotton is confined to the Local mills to a small extent.

QUOTATIONS :—

NEW CROP.

Good M G Broach	Rs.	303	March.
Fine M G Wardha Hinganghat	,,	299	Jan.
FineM G Nagpur	,,	297	,,
Fine M G Khamgaon-Akola...	,,	288	,,
Fine M G Khandeish ...	,,	290	,,
F. G. M. G. Khandeish ...	,,	280	,,
Fine M G Bengal	,,	294	Nov.
Fine M. G. Bengal	,,	289	Dec.
Fine M. G. Bengal	,,	284	Jan.
F. G. H. G. Bengal	,,	270	,,

LIVERPOOL OPENER :—

Opening Tone		Firm.
Estimated Sales		7,000 bales
Total Imports		11,000 ,,

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES :—

Sept.-Oct.	Oct.-Nov.	Nov.-Dec.	Dec.-Jan.
5·71	5·66	5·64	5·64
+06	+06	+06	+06
Jan.-Feb.	**Feb.-Mar.**	**Mar.-April.**	**Apl.-May.**	**May-June**
5·65	5·67	5·69	5·70	5·71
+05	+05	+05	+05	+05

SEEDS AND WHEAT.

LINSEED :—The market is easier. We quote :—

Ready ...	Rs.	11 14	0 B.T.
Forward ...	,,	12 12	0 R.T.

RAPESEED :—The market is quiet. We Quote :—

Yellow Gujarat ready ...	Rs.	9 4	6 R.D.
Brown Etawah ready ...	,,	8 7	0 ,,

GINGELLYSEED :—The market is easy.

Bold White 85 p.c. ...	Rs.	57 0	0 R.T.
Yellow Hinganghat ...	,,	62 4	0 ,,
Black Kutni ...	,,	50 5	0 ,,

CASTORSEED :—Tone steady. We Quote :—

Ready ...	Rs.	7 11	0 R. T.

COTTONSEED :—Tone quiet, We Quote :—

Ready ...	Rs.	27 0	0

POPPYSEED :—Tone quiet. We Quote :—

Ready ...	Rs.	11 0	0 B. T.

MOWRASEED :—Tone easy. We quote :—

Ready ...	Rs.	7 13	0 B. T.

WHEAT :—The market easy. We quote :—

White Pissi ready ...	Rs.	5 0	0 R. T.
,, ,, Apr.-May...	Rs.	5 9	0 ,,

SHARES.

BANKS.

Bank of Bombay	1,735
Bank of Burma	133
Bank of India	66 1-2
Eastern Bank	77
Indian Specie	51 1-4

MILLS.

David	355
Finlay Mills	245
Kohinoor	620
Manockji Petit	2,530
Standard	872 1-2

PRESS.

Indian Cotton	141 1-4

MISCELLANEOUS.

Bombay E. S. & T. O. Ordinary ...	145 1-2
Bombay E. S. & T. C. Preference...	173
Colaba Land and Mill	1,180 C D
Port Canning & L I Co Ld ...	742 1-2
Shivrajpur Mining Syndicate ...	117

RAILWAYS.

Ahmedabad-Prantej	647 1-2
Jupti-Valley	500

DAY'S RECEIPTS.

The following are the receipts of Produce into Bombay during 24 hours ending at 6 p.m., yesterday :—

Cotton ...	...	...	1,103 bales
Wheat ...	...	...	30,232 cwts.
Linseed ...	...	...	1,434 ,,
Rapeseed ...	...	...	968 ,,
Gingellyseed ...	...	...	631 ,,
Poppyseed ...	...	...	207 ,,
Groundnuts...	...	...	745 ,,
Castorseed ...	...	...	5,288 ,,
Rice ...	...	...	17,266 ,,
Myrabollams ...	...	...	48 ,,
Cottonseed ...	...	...	17,950 ,,
Mowraseed ...	...	...	806 ,,
Gram ...	...	...	2,493 ,,
Joowar ...	...	...	21,561 ,,
Maize ...	...	...	nil

HOME REMITTANCES.

The Treasury, Calcutta, 25th September.

The weekly Memorandum of Remittances to the Home Treasury :—

Amount estimated in the Financial Statement to be remitted during 1911-12 ...	£ 17,158,300
Remitted from 1st April 1911 to 23rd Sept. 1911, by Council Bills...	a £11,637,160
Balance to be remitted from 24th Sept. 1911 to 31st March 1912 ...	£ 5,521,140

a Of this sum £1,333,330 has been taken to the account of the Currency Reserve for investment in Consols.

CALCUTTA SHARE MARKET.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Sept 27.

The jute market all round was very strong today and prices looked like going higher, while in the the gunny market heavy goods were firm at unchanged prices.

The Exchange was also firm, while in the share market tea shares were strong. There were not many buyers, however, the coal jute shares were neglected.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE Charge for Announcement of BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, DEATHS and MEMORIAM NOTICES, which must be authenticated by the name and address of the sender, Rs. 2 for six lines or less, and Sas. for every additional line. CASH strictly in ADVANCE.

BOMBAY.

DEATH.

SUNAVALA—September 26, Bai Pootlibai, wife of Bomanji Edulji Rustomji Sunavala and daughter of the late Edulji Cursedji Surti. Deeply regretted.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTHS.

HOME—Sept 23, at "Collins-ville," Nursing Home, Bangalore, the wife of J E Home, Superintendent, Imperial Postal Service, of a son.

TIGHE—Sept 19, at Maree, the wife of Lieut-Colonel S M Tighe, 10th Infantry, of a son.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Excelsior Cinematograph, Novelty Theatre, Star Attraction "John Manehot's Lie". Three shows nightly 7 to 8, 8-30 to 9-30, and 10 to 11 p.m.

Maxim : "Everywhere in life, the true question is not what we gain, but what we do."—CARLYLE.

ENGLISH MAILS.

ARRIVAL.

The P. and O. Company's s. s. "Salsette," with the English mails of the 15th instant, left Aden at midnight on Sunday, and is expected to arrive in Bombay harbour at 6 a.m. to-morrow.

DEPARTURE.

The P. and O. Co.'s mail s. s. "Salsette" leaves Bombay harbour at 2-30 p. m. on Saturday.

DR. R. G. BHANDARKAR'S SERMON.—In connection with the 44th Anniversary of the loyal Prarthana Samaj, it being the principal day of the Anniversary, Dr. R. G. Bhandarkar will conduct Divine Service in Marathi at the local Prarthana mandir to-day at 6-15 p. m., S. T.

GOVERNMENT AND THE TURF.—The public meeting of citizens of Bombay, which it had already been announced will be called to express approval of the Government of Bombay's proposals in regard to the turf will be held on Tuesday next in the Town Hall. Sir Bhalchandra Krishna will preside.

BANDRA MUNICIPALITY.—At the last general board meeting Mr. Robert Concecao proposed and Mr. Rajaram Tukaram seconded that the Municipality had heard with deep regret the death of Mr. W. Bullock, who rendered valuable services to the town of Bandra as a Member of the Municipality and its first President for several years, that this Board desired to place on record their appreciation of his highly qualified and eminent services, and that as a mark of respect to the memory of the deceased gentleman the road leading to Mr. Bullock's bungalow from the sea face road be called after his name "Bullock Road."

ANTHROPOLOGICAL SOCIETY OF BOMBAY.

THE ordinary monthly meeting of the Society was held in the rooms of the B.B.R.A. Society, Town Hall, yesterday at 6 p.m., (S.T.), when the absence of the President Lieutenant Colonel K. R. Kirtikar, I.M.S., (Retired) occupied the Chair. The minutes of the last meeting were read and confirmed. Mr. Keshav Appa Padhye, B.A., LL.B., was duly elected a member of the Society.

The Hon. Secretary drew the attention of the meeting to the sad death of His Highness the Nizam, G. C. B., who died on 29th August 1911, and who was a Special Member of the Society from the year 1886 upto his death, paying a special subscription fee of Rs. 100 annually.

It was resolved "That the Society records its deep sense of grief for the death of His Highness, the Nizam, G. C. B., who has been a special member of the Society since the first year of its foundation (1886), and paid an annual subscription of Rs. 100 thus kindly showing his appreciation of the work of the Society. In common with many Indian Institutions and especially Educational Institutions, this Society, which has benefited by his sympathy and patronage, deeply regrets his loss and tenders its sympathy to the family of His Highness, in their bereavement.

A copy of this Resolution be sent to His Highness Osman Alikhan, the present Nizam, with a letter signed by the President and the Secretary."

The following paper was then read:—"A Bihari Nursery-Story of the Bargaining Animal's Type," by Mr. Sarat Chandra Mitra, M. A., B. L.

The fallowing is an outline of the paper :—There is a group of Indian Lie-Stories or Lugen-marchen of which the central theme is that an animal successively exchanges certain articles with another person, out of motives of mischieveusness and trickery, and waits to demand the return of the same, till they are broken or used up. The author of the paper has narrated in his previous papers before the Anthropological Society of Bombay and Asiatic Society of Bengal a group of stories of this kind bearing the titles of "The Jackal and the Barber". "The Monkey with the Tom-tom", "The Rat's Wedding", "The Mouse" and "The Jackal and his Neighbours," these stories come from Bengal, Southern India, Punjab, Northern India and some of them are variants of the same story. This group of Indian "lugen-marchen" is unique inasmuch as it appears to have no parallel in the folk-lore of other countries and may be separately classed as "Folktales of the Bargaining Animal's Type".

The characteristic features of the stories of this type are the following :—(1) An animal successively exchanges certain articles with, or offers the same to, some other person, out of motives of mischievousness and trickery ; (2) the animal demands the return of the articles from the other party, when they are broken or used up ; (3) the other party, having broken or used up the articles, is unable to return the same, to the animal, whereupon the latter takes away some other article belonging to the former. This sort of trickery goes on for some time ; (4) the animal, in order to proclaim the success, of its trickery, gets on to some higher object from which it either falls and dies, or lives to boast of its wicked tricks, or is cured of its mischievousness by some well-merited punishment, or its death is brought about by some stupid act of its own. The author describes at some length another story of the same type recently heard by him in Behar. The Jackal, which in Indian animal folk-lore, is always depicted as a pastmaster in cunning and vileness, plays the part of the hero in the story. At the end of the paper, the author describes several remarkable features of the story. One of these features is this : The Jackal in Indian folklore is what the hare is in the folklore of the Bushmen of South Africa, the rabbit in that of the American Negroes, the fox or the reynard in that of Europe, the badger in that of the Japanese.

A vote of thanks to the author of the paper concluded the proceedings.

A wealthy American Art Connoisseur is being watched by the foreign agents of the American Government, acting in co-operation with the French Police, on suspicion of being concerned in the theft of Leonardo da Vinci's masterpiece, from the Louvre. Mr. William Loeb (jun.), Collector of Customs at New York, refuses to identify the man beyond, declaring that he is a resident of a western city. "His presence in Paris at this time may be a pure coincidence," Mr. Loob stated, "but we are informed he is a close student of painting and talked much about it."

IF YOUR FRIENDS TOLD YOU

The ALBION MILK and SULPHUR SOAP is "pleasant to use and whitens and softens the skin," and "I prefer it to any other," would you miss trying a tablet? These testimonials from ladies of title (with names) are on the wrapper, and thousands (home and abroad) buy the soap. If it suits so many, may it not be worth your attention? It is a Toilet Luxury, delightful in use, delicately perfumed, refreshing and beneficial. British manufacture. Sold by Chemists, Stores, Grocers, etc., and at 76, New Oxford-street, London, Established over 35 years.

THE WEATHER.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, SEPT. 27.

The storm centre is now lying a short distance to the south-west of Agra. Rainfall has been heavy in the extreme west of the United Provinces and the neighbouring districts of the Punjab. Moderately heavy falls have occurred in the West of Central India and the east of Rajputana. Elsewhere the weather has been nearly dry. The principal amounts are :—Lashio, one inch ; Shillong, two ; Cuttack, one and a half; Naya, Dumka and Roorkee, one ; Agra, five ; Mainpuri, Meerut and Delhi, two and a half ; Jaipur and Kotah, one and a half; and Indore, one.

The forecast shows that further heavy rain may be expected in the north-west of the United Provinces, the south-east of the Punjab, and the north-east of Rajputana.

EARTHQUAKE RECORDED AT SIMLA.

SIMLA, SEPT. 27.

A slight shock was recorded in Simla yesterday at 19 hours 43 minutes from a distance of about 2,000 miles.

STORM IN BAY OF BENGAL.

CALCUTTA, SEPT. 27.

The storm which has raged in the Bay of Bengal during week end has now subsided. Considerable damage was done at Puri, Waltair, Gopalpur and other coast towns, but so far as can be ascertained no serious damage has been done to the ships in the Bay, although those which arrived in Calcutta last evening announce very heavy seas along the coast.

RAINFALL IN BOMBAY.

	Mapla. Byculla	Fort Colaba	Santa Cruz	Colaba
	In Cts	In Cts	In Cts	In Cts
Previously registered	52·70	55·30	56·33	46·14
Wednesday, 27th Sept.....	0·05	0·10	0·06	0·00
Total	52·75	55·99	56·42	46·14
Same date last year	67·85	61·84	62·94	54·23

BOMBAY DAILY WEATHER REPORT FOR THE 27TH SEPTEMBER.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Wednesday, the 27th September, 1911, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Delhi records 2·58" of rain. Skies are clear in the north and the south-west Punjab and moderately clouded elsewhere. The air is damper than usual at Delhi, where day temperature is in defect. Night temperature is in excess at Multan and Lahore.

The United Provinces.—Nearly general rain has fallen ; Allahabad has had 0·17", Mainpuri 2·45", Agra 4·51" and Jhansi 0·21". Skies are heavily clouded in the extreme north-western and western districts and lightly to moderately clouded elsewhere. Humidity is in excess. Maximum temperature is in defect.

Sind and Rajputana.—Fairly general rain has fallen in east Rajputana ; Jaipur has had 1·32" and Kotah 1·35". Skies are clear or lightly clouded in Sind and moderately to heavily clouded in Rajputana. The air is damper than usual in east Rajputana where day temperature is in defect.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Nearly general rain has fallen in West Central India ; Neemuch has had 0·80" and Indore 0·91." Skies are heavily clouded in West Central India and lightly to moderately clouded elsewhere. Humidity is in excess in West Central India. Maximum temperature is in defect in the area of rainfall, normal on the Kathiawar and Gujarat Coasts, and in excess elsewhere ; minimum temperature is also above normal at Deesa and Rajkot.

The Central Provinces.—Fairly general rain has fallen in the northern half of the division ; Saugor has had 0·49," Hoshangabad 0·46" and Khandwa 0·22." Skies are lightly to moderately clouded. The moisture in the air is either equal to or above the average. Day temperature is in excess at Raipur, normal at Chanda and Akola, and in defect at other stations.

The Konkan.—Skies are lightly to moderately clouded. Humidity and temperature are normal.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Sholapur records 0·29" of rain. Skies are lightly to moderately clouded. The air contains the average amount of moisture. Day temperature is in excess at some stations.

General Remarks.—This storm has moved in a north-westerly, instead of in a northerly direction and is central today in the neighbourhood of Kotah; it will probably move in a northerly direction; there has been a further decrease in the intensity of the storm. Rainfall has been nearly general in West Central India, the extreme eastern districts of Rajputana, the extreme north-western districts of the United Provinces and the adjacent parts of the east Punjab. Rainfall has decreased and been light in the northern half of the Central Provinces and in the south United Provinces. Outside the area influenced by the storm, Sholapur is the only station reporting rainfall of importance.

Fairly general rain is likely in east Rajputana, the north-west United Provinces and the adjacent parts of the Punjab and local rain in West Central India, the north Central and the south United Provinces. A few showers may possibly occur in the Deccan.

Appended is Wednesday's report of the Meteorological Reporter for Western India based on observation taken at 8 o'clock.

Names of Stations.	Maximum temperature during the past 24 hours.	Minimum temperature during the past 24 hours.	Rainfall past 24 hours.	Aggregate since 1st June to date.
Bushir. (26th) ...	90·3	76 0	...	0
Jask ...	90·8	77·8	...	0
Muskat ...	93·8	81·1	...	0
Maitan...	101 3	80·0	...	1·32
Rawalpindi ...	91·9	65·4	...	13·17
Lahore ...	101·4	76·7	...	7·03
Sirsa...	...	...	...	...
Ambala ...	93 5	73 9	...	10·24
Delhi ...	97·5	74·8	2·58	10 36
Agra...	84·0	73 5	4·51	15·69
Mainpuri...	84·3	73·1	2 45	18·60
Jhansi ...	81·5	76·5	0 21	22·59
Cawnpore ...	84·2	78·4	...	20·59
Allahabad ...	89·1	78·5	0·17	23·52
Jacobabad ...	109·1	72·8	...	0·05
Karachi ...	81·5	73 0	...	0·21
Ajmer ...	86·4	74·2	...	7 21
Jaipur ...	82·2	71·1	1·32	13 6)
Kotah ...	80·1	73·1	1·35	15 40
Bhuj...	101·0	75·3	...	2·51
Dwarka ...	84·3	77·7	...	6 23
Veraval ...	81·6	75·8	...	2·11
Rajkot...	99·1	75·5	...	6·37
Bhavnagar Para...	103·0	78·0	...	19·37
Surat ...	88·4	78 1	...	9·84
Ahmedabad...	104 6	78·7	...	9·76
Deesa ...	102·8	78·4	...	19·47
Neemuch...	83·4	71·5	0·80	20·27
Indore ...	76·1	71·6	0·91	18·16
Jubbulpore ...	82 3	73 3	0·07	39 73
Saugor ...	80 2	70 6	0 49	36·35
Hoshangabad ...	...	...	...	...
Khandwa...	84·2	74·1	0·22	12·31
Akola ...	88·7	76·1	...	19·00
Amraoti ...	83·3	72·3	0·02	17·60
Nagpur...	86·1	72 8	0·02	39·66
Chanda ...	93·0	76·0	...	41·70
Raipur...	92·7	77·1	...	50·94
Bombay ...	86 1	78·4	...	46 14
Ratnagiri...	83·8	75·4	...	67·20
Mormugao ...	81·0	75·2	0·05	69·22
Karwar ...	80·7	75·0	0·02	73·25
Malegaon...	90·4	68·6	...	17·56
Ahmednagar ...	91 1	69·0	...	16·48
Poona ...	87·5	74·3	...	12·78
Sholapur ...	92·8	69·6	0 29	17·18
Bijapur ...	94·2	71·3	...	9 73
Belgaum ...	80·8	64·5	...	33·19
Aurangabad...	90·2	70·2	...	18·40
Nizamabad (Indur) ...	93·4	73·2	...	29·19
Hyderabad ...	89·2	74·2	...	17·67
Mangalore ...	84·8	73·3	...	88·80
Calicut...	84 8	73·6	...	79·77
Cochin ...	85·7	73·7	0·03	65·44
Colombo ...	88·0	75·5	...	14·35
Minicoy ...	94·8	79·2	...	18·85
Masulipatam ...	94·0	72·3	...	22·19
Cuddapah ...	97·7	73·1	...	11·24
Madras...	97·0	80·5	...	11·01
Bangalore ...	88·8	64·8	...	10 30
Coimbatore ...	90·9	72·3	...	10·84
Trichinopoly ...	98 1	76·3	...	6·23
Negapatam ...	94·5	77·0	...	8·18

H. A. ARMSTRONG,
Meteorologist, Bombay.

BOMBAY HIGH COURT.

GOVERNMENT APPEAL DISMISSED.

On the Appellate Side of the Bombay High Court, yesterday, Mr. Justice Russell and Sir Narayan G. Chandavarkar disposed of the appeal of the Government of Bombay against the order of acquittal made by Mr. A. C. Wild, Sessions Judge of Ahmedabad, in the case in which one Amratlal Ravidatt was charged with forgery of valuable securities and fabrication of false evidence.

Mr. H. C. Coyaji, instructed by Mr. G. N. Thakore, appeared for the accused ; the Government Pleader was for the Crown.

The prosecution case was that the accused had obtained a decree against the complainant and had succeeded in a suit for the execution of that decree. The complainant's case was that an agreement was made shortly after the decision of that suit and certain mortgage deeds were prepared. In those documents, he said, certain false endorsements were made by the accused.

Agreeing with one of his assessors, the Sessions Judge acquitted the accused.

After hearing Mr. Rao, their Lordships, dismissed the appeal.

CONVICTION CONFIRMED.

On the Appellate Side of the Bombay High Court, Mr. Justice Russell and Sir Narayan G. Chandavarkar disposed of an appeal from a decision of Mr. V. M. Ferrers, Acting Sessions Judge of Satara, who convicted Rama Appa of murder and sentenced him to transportation for life.

It appeared that on the 26th September, 1910, a man was cut down by the road side near the village of Tung. He survived long enough to make a dying declaration, on the strength of which, three persons, including the appellant, were arrested. According to the confessions, five people had combined to set upon the deceased and having done him the injuries reported they left him lying face downwards. The deceased had named the appellant as one of his assailants.

Disagreeing with his assessors, the Sessions Judge convicted the accused and sentenced him as abovestated.

On consideration of the whole case, their Lordships confirmed the conviction and sentence and dismissed the appeal.

POLICE COURTS.

RAILWAY PASSENGER ROBBED.

Position of Trust Abused.

Yesterday at the Mazagon Police Court, before Mr. P. H. Dastur, Second Presidency Magistrate, W. A. Taylor, a train attendant in the B. B. and C. I. Railway and his wife were charged with the theft of currency notes and sovereigns to the extent of Rs. 118, the property of Malik Bapumia Surdarkhan, a second class railway passenger.

It appears that the accused had stolen the money from the trunk which was entrusted to the accused to take to Baroda as the passenger had forgotten to take it with him when he alighted. During the police investigation when the room of the accused was being searched Mrs. Taylor, wife of the accused, was seen handing over a coffee tin to the Ayah saying "Throw this out of the window!" The police seized it and it was found to contain the stolen notes and sovereigns.

The defence was that the money was found lying on the corridor of the railway train and the accused hurriedly put it in his box intending afterwards to hand it over to the Railway authorities.

The magistrate did not accept the defence remarking that when the police investigated the matter, the accused denied having seen or heard of the money. He was convicted and sentenced to five months' rigorous imprisonment while his wife was fined Rs. 50 with the alternative of one month's rigorous imprisonment.

ALLEGED CONCEALMENT OF EVIDENCE.

Yesterday at the Mazagon Police Court, Mr. P. H. Dastur, Second Presidency Magistrate, gave his decision in the case in which Ismael Noormahomed was charged at the instance of Abdulla K. Readymoney with secreting a document with intent to prevent its production in judicial proceedings.

The Magistrate declined to believe or rely on the evidence of Purshotum and Jusab Khamisa and held that the accused had nothing to do with the keeping of the book in Jusab Khamisa's house. The concealment was probably effected by some one interested on behalf of the complainant. The accused was therefore discharged.

HIGH COURT.—SEPTEMBER 28.

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Davar).
Long Causes.

388-10 Smetham B and Co Max Barbin and others vs Shankardas Harmukhrai Little and Co.
621-09 Nanu H and Co. Mulji Haridas and Co vs the Shri Buldeo Mills Ld. and others Mulla and M Tyabji D and Co.
450-09 Jamshedji R and D Ali Miya Hoosein Miya vs Cassum Ebrahim and others Mirza M and M.
1103-10 Edgelow G W and Co Meherunissa vs Rehmubai Allana and others vs Thakurdas and Co Edgelow G W and Co.
1105-11 Edgelow G

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

The steamer Harley, 3096 tons, Captain D. Williams arrived in harbour yesterday from Middlesbro, with a general cargo.

The B. I. S. N. Co's steamer Culna, 3063 tons, Captain J. Farquharson, arrived in harbour yesterday from Antwerp via Karachi, with a general cargo.

The steamer Shirley, 2192 tons, Captain R. B. Stone, arrived in harbour yesterday from Calcutta, with a cargo of coal.

The B. I. S. N Co's steamer Malda, 1250 tons, Captain H. W. Bamber, sailed yesterday for the Persian Gulf via Karachi, with a general cargo and passengers.

The B. I. S. N. Co's steamer Dumra, 762 tons, Captain H Manley, will sail to-day for the Persian Gulf via Karachi, with a general cargo and passengers.

The steamer Hild, 1150 tons, Captain J. Salvesen, will sail to-day for Bangkok, with a general cargo and passenger.

The B. I. S. N Co.'s steamer Dwarka, 759 tons, Captain W. Moxon, arrived in harbour yesterday from Karachi via Coast Ports, with a general cargo and passengers.

The Japan Line steamer Hakata Maru, 3870 tons, Captain H. Nomura arrived in harbour yesterday from Kobe with a general cargo and passengers.

The P. N. O. Co.'s steamer Devanha, 4785 tons, Captain W. R. F. Hickey, sailed yesterday for Shanghai via Colombo, with a general cargo and passengers.

The steamer Headley, 3711 tons, Captain G. Park, sailed yesterday for Calcutta in ballast.

The steamer Barrington Court, 2833 tons, Captain H. G. Williams will sail to-day for Hull and Antwerp, with a general cargo.

The City Line steamer City of Athens, 3571 tons, Captain W. Knaul, will sail to-day for Marseilles and Liverpool, via Karachi with a general and same bottom cargo.

The Hall Line steamer Locksley Hall, 2,310 tons, Captain J. Crawford, will sail to-day for Manchester, with a general cargo and passengers.

The Committee of the Bombay Chamber of Commerce have decided that Tuesday, 26th Sept. should be regarded as a Full Weather Working Day for Vessels in the Prince's and Victoria Docks.

MEN-OF-WAR & ROYAL INDIAN MARINE SHIPS.

H M S Highflyer ..Capt James....D Dick R N Flagship
R I M S Dufferin....Comdr....Huddleston R I Troopship
R I M S Hardinge ...Comdr .... Luck ..... do
R I M S Mayo....Lt Comdr.... ....Jones ..... do
R I M S Investigators...Capt. G N Frieath...R N R.. Survey Std

VESSELS IN DOCK.—Sept. 27.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

Vessels	Tons	Guns,	Dest.	Date.	Agents
B Toronto	3894	Pocking			Hall ..J F & Co
C&E Locksley Hall	2310	Crawford			Manchester ... 28-9...K Nixon and Co
D & F City of Athens	3571	Knaut			Karachi...28-9... K Nixon & Co
F Beethoven	2360	Mitchell			Fort Said ..3-10... W & A Graham & Co
H Homayun	2154	Moloney			B & P S N Co
N Macfield	2652	Davies			Hull ...3-10.... W & A Graham & Co
O Saifi	592	Baldwin			Jeddah ... The Bo & H S N Co
P Barenfels	3419	Engelage			Hamburg via Karachi 1-10...W & A Graham & Co
Q Hild	718	Salvesen			Bangkok...28-9...F F C & Co

VICTORIA DOCK.

3 Barrington Court . 2853 Williams 28-9...Antwerp W & A Graham & Co
4 Grimsbergen ...3157 Goot...Antwerp... T M & Co
5 Zurichmoor.....2342 Stonehouse...Hull---1-10 ..... W & A Graham & Co
7 Africa...2565 Seberich...Trieste ..1-10 A L J N Co
9 Culna..... 3964 Farquharson... .....M M & Co
12&13 Arabia.....4098 Palmer...London .....7-10 ... P & O & Co
16 Dumra ..762 Manley...Basreh ..28-9...M M & Co P. & O. DOCKS.
Towergate.....2358 Jackson ... ..W & A Graham & Co

B I Dock

Lhasa ..... 919 Mollamed ... .M M & Co

H W P D

Sabarmati... .....824 Ahmed ..Rajpitlag...Bo S N Co
Courland ..760 Ebrahim ..Jamnagar...28-9...Bo S N Co

M W D D

Praesident .....2036 Bremerl ....Delagoa Bay &c..... A Strandes

ARRIVALS.

Sept	Vessels	Commanders	From
26	Harley	Williams	Middlesbro, Aug 19
27	Culna	Farquharson	Antwerp, July 20
	Shirley	Stone	Calcutta, Sept 14
	Dwarka	Moxon	Karachi, Sept 25
	Hakata Maru	Nomura	Kobe, Aug 28
	Australien	Ammeran	Noumea, &c.

DEPARTURES.

Sept.	Vessels.	Commanders.	Destination.
27	Hellas	Berg	Bangkok
	Malda	Bamber	Basreh, &c
	Devanha	Hickey	Shanghai
	Headley	Park	Calcutta

The following vessels entered for loading yesterday :—
Steamer Urlana, for Calcutta, &c.
" Saleier, for Aden, &c.
" To arrive.

The following vessels obtained their portclearances yesterday :—
Steamer Hild, Salvesen, for Bangkok.
" Dumra, Manley, for Persian Gulf.
" Farrington Court, Williams, for Hull, &c.
" Locksley Hall, Crawford, for Manchester.
" City of Athens, Knaut, for Liverpool, &c.

MADRAS.

ARRIVALS.

Sept.	Vessels.	From.
21	Neuenfels	Antwerp
25	Tessa	Straits

STEAMER MOVEMENTS

The German East Africa Line steamer Somali, left Beira for Bombay on the 26th instant.

The Ellerman Line steamer City of York, sailed from Marseilles on the 26th instant outward bound and the same Co's steamer City of Durham, passed Perim on the 27th instant and is due to arrive here on Tuesday afternoon 3rd October.

DAILY EXPORTS.—SEPT. 27.

FOR LONDON.

Arabia s—650 cwts myrabollams A Khimjee; 4 casks skins Enrico N Stein, 21 bales skins and hides, P E Boyce and Sons.

FOR HULL.

Maresfield s—2,000 cwts cottonseed, Tata Sons and Co; 2,001 cwts cottonseed, V K Kessowji and 2,012 cwts myrabollams J Co.
5,200 cwts cottonseed, A Khimjee 4,000 cwts cottonseed, L Pragjee 4,000 cwts cottonseed, G Morarjee; 8,000 cwts cottonseed, J Samirmal 8,000 cwts cottonseed, J Jaikissondas, 2,000 cwts cottonseed, N Rangji 2,500 cwts cottonseed Ralli Bros 2,000 cwts castorseed, B S Lloyd and Co; 673 cwts myrabollams, Ebjee Camersey.

Toronto s—1,000 cwts barley, 4,280 cwts cottonseed, 11,000 cwts castorseed, Ralli Bros; 2,000 cwts cottonseed G Morarji 4,000 cwts cottonseed, and 2,000 cwts castorseed, Sanday and Co.

FOR DUNKIRK.

Beethoven s—2,000 cwts linseed, Volkart Bros; 36 cwts myrabollams W Becher.

FOR TRIEST &.

Africa s—58 bales cotton, Ralli Bros.

FOR ANTWERP.

Zurichmoor s—2,000 cwts linseed, B S Lloyd and Co; 4,004 cwts linseed E D Sassoon and Co; 1,400 cwts linseed 10,0 0 cwts castorseed, 10,000 cwts mowrasseed Ralli Bros.

FOR HAMBURG.

Barenfels s—19,500 cwts mowrasseed Ralli Bros; 1,500 cwts mowrasseed, William Blythe and Co.

FOR VENICE.

Africa s—200 bales cotton, G Dossa and Co.

STANDARD OIL CO. OF NEW YORK,
MARSHALLS BUILDING,
BALLARD ROAD, BOMBAY;

BRAND	Price. Rs. a. p.	
Snowflake 150 deg.	6 0 2	per case.
White Rose, 150 deg.	5 12 2	do.
Chester, 125 deg.	4 12 2	do.
Devoes Brilliant 125 deg.	4 8 2	do.
Tiger 125 deg.	4 8 2	do.
Monkey, 125 deg.	4 0 2	do.
White Camellia 125° (in tins)	3 13 0	per two tins.
Elephant, 125 deg. (in tins)	3 13 0	do.
do. 125 deg. (in Bulk)	3 3 0	per 8 gallons
Camel 125 deg. (in tins)	3 13 0	per two tins

The Company's Local Agents sell all or any of the above oils at the prices stated. Deliveries of bulk oil on Malabar Hill and Cumballa Hill are made at half an anna extra charge for coolie hire to cover the increased cost of haulage.

All case oil sold by Standard Oil Co. of New York IS IMPORTED IN CASES.

Sandra Agent adds one anna to the above prices excepting for bulk.
Cooria and Andheri Agents add one anna and Poona Agent adds 2 1-2 annas to the above prices
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Interest is allowed at the rate of THREE PER CENT. per annum on the minimum monthly balance, not exceeding Rs. 5,000.
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By Grattan Geary (2 Vols.) Rs. 10.
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By Grattan Geary Rs. 5.
GIRAS AND GUARANTEE,
Being a Compilation of Decisions, etc., on Questions regarding Giras, Wanta, and other Guaranteed Rights.
By L. P. Prikh Rs. 6.
LAYS OF THE LAW,
A Selection of Leading Cases.
By W. E. H. Re. 1.
Apply the Bombay Gazette Office.

MUSICAL NOVELTIES.
SONGS.

The Irish Fusilier	by W H Squire,
Rosette	by Montague F Phillips.
Love's Window	by Thurlay Boyce.
Farmer's Pride, The	by Kennedy Russell.
Life's Blessing	by Percy E Fletcher.
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The Bombay Gazette.

Thursday, 28th Sept. 1911.

NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS.

*** All communications of a literary character should be addressed to The Editor, and all communications regarding Advertisements and Business matters generally should be addressed to the General Manager. Communications should not be addressed to any individual member of the staff.

THANA CATHOLIC.—We regret we can admit no further correspondence regarding the Padroado.

Postal letters and covers should be addressed Box 209, General Post Office, Bombay.

CHAMBA STATE ANTIQUITIES.

THE antiquities of the Chamba State have an interest far exceeding the narrow limits of local history. The past to which they belong is connected with the present by a tissue of unbroken threads. And for this reason Dr. Vogel, Superintendent of the Archæological Survey of India, Northern Circle, publishes a volume dealing with the antiquities of the State as the first part of "Inscriptions of the Pre-Mahomedan Period", under the authority of the Government of India. Whereas in other and more exposed parts of India one dynasty was quickly ousted by another, new creeds and customs came to supplant the old ones and successive waves of foreign invasion swept away all remembrance of the past, Chamba, engirdled by her snow-clad mountain barriers, has, century after century, retained ancient traditions and institutions, which are only now gradually giving way to the irresistible onslaught of Western civilisation. Dr. Vogel therefore hastens to present us with a record of the vanishing past ere the materials are swept away by the same process. Chamba is still ruled by a descendant of the house whose scions fought in the civil wars of Kashmir, side by side with Harsa and Sussala. He still resides in the same "Glorious Champa" whence his ancestors issued their copper charters and when his subjects still hail him with the classical greeting "Jai Deo." Up to the present day his people worship in the temples founded by Sahillavarman in the tenth century and at Brahmor, the ancient capital Brahmapura; the silent brazen idols are still enshrined in their wonderful wood-carved fanes in which Meru-varman piously placed them twelve centuries ago. The Ranas whose former importance was first revealed by the eulogies of Baijnath are still met with in Chamba, often, it is true, reduced to the state of poor peasants, but still clinging to their ancient title and to the ruins of their ancestral castles. The traveller too, we are told, in the valleys of Chamba, is still received after his day's worth by an official whose title and presumably whose duties also have remained unchanged through the lapse of ages though they have passed into oblivion in every other part of India. But is believed though some of their inscriptions are distinguished by no small degree of literary ability the great majority do not attain a high standard of scholarship and whatever erudition they display, was borrowed from the neighbouring seat of Sanskrit learning in Kashmir. The skilful part of the Baijnath eulogy calls himself the son of a judge from that country and it is permissible to assume that the civil wars of Kalhana's days compelled many a pandit to seek refuge with the rulers of the adjoining hill States.

The Chamba inscriptions are, highly important from a palæographical point of view, if deficient in literary interest, forming an uninterrupted series of Sarada records, ranging from the time when this script was evolved, down to the Mahomedan period. Chamba records reveal a slow but distinct development and Dr. Vogel feels confident that they will supply a reliable base for establishing the approximate date for any document written in this script. From his investigations there is reason to assume that the ruling family of Chamba has held sway in the Ravi valley for more than twelve centuries and may boast of an antiquity equalled by few reigning houses in India and none in Europe, where the oldest houses of Germany although tracing back their ancestry to the beginning of the tenth century cannot claim to have been the ruling dynasties for so long. Still Chamba, until three-quarters of a century ago, was still unknown to the traveller and the first mention of it made by a European was in 1783, when Forster referred to it as a mountainous country of great extent. It was only after the annexation of the Punjab that Chamba became known to Europeans and that was in consequence of its abundant game. There is, it seems, no reason to doubt the tradition that Chamba was founded by Sahillavarman, as two copperplate grants, issued by his son and grandson, are dated from Chamba as the seat of Government and this must have been founded in the first half of the tenth century. The assertion of Professor Rhys Davids that campaign the capital of Anga, was named after the town on the Ravi, is held to be without authority.

The roads in the Chamba territory, even those through the main river valleys until recent times were of the most primitive description. Yet in one of the epigraphs, he reproduces, Dr. Vogel shows that the construction of a road is a means of acquiring infinite merit. But, he soliloquises, the ancient rulers of the State have not shown great eagerness thus to provide for their bliss in the next world. They had, no doubt, first to consider the exigencies of the present and at a time when every neighbour was an enemy, the difficulty of the roads constituted the best safeguard for the security of the State. The roads, however, proved traversable to the Survey party and their discoveries repaid their efforts and they found that the number of inscriptions is not less remarkable than their variety. Of a hundred and thirty collected, fifty are of the pre-Mahomedan period. Rock inscriptions are not numerous, but the image inscriptions on brass and among large sized metal images are such as are extremely rare in India where such objects were the first to attract the destructive zeal of iconoclasts and the cupidity of unscrupulous kings. Inscriptions on stone slabs are either records of consecration or eulogies. One is described at a "love poem carved in stone." Fountain stones are abundant and their erection seems to have been looked upon more as a meritorious act than a work of utility and the villagers are reluctant to give information as to their whereabouts for fear of evil resulting. Some of the inscriptions may well be responsible for the superstitious dread the stones are held in by the villagers for one plainly sets forth that "who takes the property of a Brahmin, given either by himself or by others, for sixty thousands of years will be born as a worm in the dirt" and another asserts that "Mounted on a divine chariot drawn by geese, the giver of land goes to the world of the gods; in a pot full of boiling oil the robber thereof sees the messenger of death" and yet a third informs the reader that "He who confiscates what he himself has given will be a blind man for twelve existences, a hog for ten existences and a hog for twelve." Little wonder the Chamba has preserved so many of its inscriptions and monuments intact.

MODERN TREATMENT OF LEPROSY. ATTENTION has been recalled to modern methods of treating leprosy, and incidentally to the work which is being done locally, by a statement favourable to the Nastin treatment, which is attributed by Reuter to the retiring Governor of British Guiana. This colony, it will be remembered has reported several cases of cure by this treatment, which seems to vary considerably in its effect according to locality. In other places it has been tried without any appreciable benefit being experienced. Some time ago the Ceylon Government made experiments with it, but the results were so discouraging that Sir Allan Perry, the Principal Medical Officer in the island, is not prepared to accept statements of the success achieved in British Guiana unless they are backed with scientific proofs. He complains generally of the several methods of treating of leprosy, which are now in vogue, that while they appear to give beneficial effect that effect is never permanent. All this discussion lends interest to the important investigation which is being conducted in Bombay. It is not generally known that investigations are being made at Parel laboratory in the bacteriology of leprosy, and that so far very promising results have been obtained. A special officer, Captain T. S. B. Williams, I.M.S. has been at work for some time and during last year he obtained results, which appear to demand a revision of previous theories regarding the disease. He succeeded in cultivating a growth, which is regarded as probably being the lepra organism. This organism is very similar to those isolated by Post and Deycke, and by using a vaccine which is made from it interesting and important results were obtained in treatment. The vaccine causes reaction and of general and local character, and when intelligently applied, undoubtedly produces great amelioration of the disease. Captain Williams's investigations are of course by no means complete, and it remains to be seen whether Sir Allan Perry's criticism can in this instance be refuted by permanent results. However, it may easily be judged how valuable the investigation promises to prove when one quotes Col. Bannerman, director of the laboratory. He has naturally watched this work with close interest and recently wrote "The results already obtained justify us in the belief that given early cases of the disease and co-operation on the part of the patient, the day is in sight when leprosy will cease to be classed as an incurable disease."

JAPAN'S NAVY. THERE is great activity just now in the naval dockyards of Japan. The Japanese navy has never entirely recovered the strength which it possessed prior to the Russo-Japanese War, while modern developments have rendered many of its ships out of date. At the same time there is a settled idea that Japan must do something to bring her navy to a standard, which is reasonably proportionate to that of the United States. Recently the authorities have shown a unanimous determination to increase the amount annually spent on naval expansion. It has been decided in Cabinet council to supplement the amount to be spent on naval armaments by at least £8,300,000 for the special purpose of modernising the older ships, and this, together with the sum to be expended on new ships, will bring the expenditure on additional fighting units up to nearly £40,000,000 by 1917, when Japan expects to have a navy of a thoroughly modern type. During the present year at least £4,300,000 will be laid out on the navy. All the Japanese naval dockyards are as busily engaged as they can be, but in spite of their activity the utmost that Japan can do by the end of the year is to produce one battleship, four armoured cruisers, and three second-class cruisers, that will be in every respect equal to the modern standard. This force would present a poor showing in comparison with even the navy of Japan before the Russo-Japanese war, for only ships of the Dreadnought class are now considered fit to take a position in the first line of defence. Consequently the new naval programme will include the building of at least seven new battleships of the latest type, four armoured cruisers, and five second-class cruisers, which when added to Japan's present fighting strength will bring her naval forces up to eleven battleships and cruisers by the year 1917, by which date Japan hopes to possess a navy second to nothing of its size in any part of the world.

GOVERNMENT AND THE TURF. A SIMLA telegram, which reached us yesterday says:—"The Government of India have not yet received the detailed memorial from the Western India Turf Club protesting against the proposed legislation for the control of racing in the Western Presidency. It is believed that advantage was taken of their presence at the meeting of the Imperial Legislative Council to consult informally some leading non-officials on the subject, among whom were the Hon'ble Mr. Armstrong and the Hon'ble Sir V. D. Thackersey." Doubtless the Bombay Government will forward its opinions to the Government of India when asked and so will the Turf Club. Meantime a town's meeting, as we stated on Tuesday, will be called by the Sheriff, Mr. S. B. Broacha, to formulate the views of the public on the question. The requisition which has been sent in to the Sheriff sets forth that the evil of gambling on the turf has assumed gigantic proportions, seriously endangering the well-being and progress of Society and asserts that the time has come for the adoption of urgent and potent measures by Government toward the situation. The promoters of the meeting urge that even after the abolition of bookmakers, the totalisators shall be rigidly regulated and a percentage of their takings be devoted to the encouragement of horse-breeding and to charity. Among the signatories to the requisition for the meeting are Sir Cawasji Jehangir, Sir Bhalchandra Krishna, Sir Adamji Peerbhoy, the Hon'ble Mr. Ebrahim Rahimtula and others, who had a list of over six thousand names.

ITALY AND TRIPOLI. THE Porte is endeavouring, we are again told, to secure the friendly intervention of Germany and Austria, in the matter of her quarrel with Italy over Tripoli. If, says the Porte, Italy does not seek territorial rectification, a protectorate or a preferential position then the removal of the present tension is very easy. There is no reason for any appeal for friendly intervention. Surely Turkey and Italy can settle their own affairs. Yet it would be a good thing for Tripoli if Italy did seek to establish a protectorate there. It is now a vilayat of Turkey, but far nearer Italy than Turkey. Its shipping is in the hands of Italy and although Turkey has a force of ten thousand men to retain the vilayat its European subjects are principal Maltese and Italians. There are practically no Turkish settlers. If Italy chose to ask for preferential treatment it would be no more than she is entitled to, for without Italy the country would fare very badly indeed, as her resources as are remarkably scanty and she benefits no more from Turkey than France does from the possession of say Travancore or Pondicherry. Italy was quite justified in protesting against Turkish high-handedness and if the ships she sends to Tripoli's ports are held up Tripoli will cease to exist. Italy does not require intervention from any other Power and although we should deplore war we should be glad to see Italy take up the firmest possible attitude and dictate her own terms to Turkey. The spectacle of the "sick man" begging protection against a smaller power is ludicrous in the extreme.

It is stated that the Chitral Reliefs have reached Sarai from Chandkdarrah on the 23rd September.

MR ALI IMAM, Law Member of the Imperial Council, will entertain Mr. Macpherson, Secretary in the Legislative Department, at a farewell dinner to-morrow.

THE Member of the Islam Club, Lahore, gave an "At Home" on Tuesday evening to the Hon. Nawab Syed Mahomed, Member of the Imperial Legislative Council.

IN connection with the Abor expedition, six hundred Nagas have been enlisted as coolies. Each man will get Rs. 15 a month with free rations. The Naga coolie corps has arrived at Dibrugarh *en route* for Kobo.

THE Portuguese Government have decided to adopt the Marconi system of wireless telegraphy. Stations are to be erected at Lisbon, on the coast of Portugal, and at Cape Verde. There now only remains the question of arriving at an agreement about terms. The Lisbon correspondent of the *Times* understands that the Marconi Company has offered the Portuguese Government the same terms which have been accepted by the British Government.

It is not altogether clear, says "Max" in "Capital," why the Post Office should prohibit the sending of currency notes by post unless insured. Registration, especially when only half notes of a small value, are forwarded, should suffice. There may, of course, be a reason for this, but it is not apparent to the man in the street; perhaps it is intended to extend the use of money orders, or most likely, now that currency notes are being made universal, to furnish a deterrent on their remittance in large amounts to the embarrassment, perhaps, of some local Treasury. But the reason might be stated.

THE GERMAN POINT OF VIEW.

BERLIN, SEPT. 8.

ENGLISH FEELING TOWARDS GERMANY.

Colonial lady who over her full name and address published a letter under the above heading to the Editor of "the Morning Post" on August 31st, pointed to a peculiar trick of the News vendor's trade by which a large portion of the English nation is gradually beguiled into the most bellicose frame of mind. She speaks of the suggestive headlines in English newspapers and accuses some English newspapers of "deliberately trying to stir up war between England and Germany." The question arises naturally whether the same mistake is not made by the German Press with the same regrettable result. But this lady after careful study on the spot came away profoundly impressed with the knowledge that Germany wants, not war, but peace. At the first glance the charge laid at the door of the English Press appears onesided and harsh; but we have put it to the test of a three days impartial inquisition and have come to the result that this "unsophisticated Colonial," as she styles herself, has made a very permanent observation.

Far worse are the shortnotices on the advertisement boards standing in front of the new shops or carried about by the vendors. They are not always faithful repetitions of what the paper actually dwells on in its leaders and contributions, but alarm signals ventured at the strength of it. If only some of the sensational papers like the "Daily Mail" would continuously harp on this string we should not find it so strange. The pity of the thing is that this style of almost fraudulent advertising has been adopted by the notice boards of a great many otherwise respectable periodicals. We will quote only two instances to make our meaning clear.

"The Outlook", as a sixpenny "weekly review of politics, art, literature and finance" ought to be above 'such catch-penny devices. But on the 2nd of September, we found in front of every news shop where this periodical is sold as the foremost notice of its contents the suggestive headline: "Our German-made labour troubles". In going over its 32 well printed pages, we looked in vain for an article dealing with this important topic. Nor could we admit that the leader on "our Red Republican and their foreign allies" would vindicate such a signboard. It simply contains the casual reference. "We noted last week the existence of widespread rumours that the description made in Germany could be applied to the troubles"; but instead of substantiating the allegation it goes on to say: "Undoubtedly the inauguration of the Federation of Transport Workers in the East End had been attended by delegates of proletarian organisations from France and the United States," while there is nothing said of German agitations being entangled. There is in another column again a reference to "the direction of British labour trouble from a German centre;" but by applying the test we find nothing but a few isolated clippings from the interview which a correspondent of "the Standard" had with Herr Jochade, the German President of the Transport Union. We, of course, have read this article, in which the alleged world-wide importance of that Herculean type of a German workmen was cleverly advertised. But the leaders of the British Unions have not failed to come forward and to point out that they are independent of foreign interference and that the international combination is rather an outcome of British organisations and has only for the next meeting transferred its head-quarters to Berlin. But leaving the facts of the case alone, the effect will be that hundreds of thousands passing the news-shops will read the boldly printed notice: "Our German-made labour troubles" and without being induced to spend sixpence on this instalment of "The Outlook" take it for granted that there will be some foundation for such a headline while in reality this is only a bogus-headline not appearing in the paper for which it is posted up. I wonder how many of the unwary and unsophisticated people reading it will go away with the impression: "another grievance against Germany; well she is the fountain-head of all our trouble." Equally misleading was the notice-board of the Sunday "Times" of September 3rd: "England and Germany, the Dreadnought duel." Again the advertisement is suggesting that Germany was the mischief-maker; but if one, after reading all the columns at last finds the only passage about the German naval programme, one is greatly astonished. It comes to this that Mr. Lloyd George has proclaimed it wide and far that Germany's way was barred by England backing France and "the result will probably end in an increase in the Germany naval programme. If Mr. Lloyd George had spoken like Mr. Asquith a few days later, this regretable result might have been obviated." Thus we see that the blame is to be attributed to the inopportune utterances of a member of the British Cabinet. If German public opinion is irritated by this intervention in the Franco-Germany negotiations about Morocco, the usual sequence drawn in some English papers is in harmony with the French witticism: Cet animal est tres mechant, Quand on l'attaque, ils se defend."

It is really to be desired that German-English relations are not misused for fabricating bogus notices posted at these small boards for advertising papers. There can be no reciprocation in Germany, because their newspapers are generally subscribed for by the month or the quarter and no headlines are advertised for the multitudes that pass by and take their suggestions from the notice-boards.

SHIPPING IN GERMAN PORTS.

As from the development of shipping in the ports of a country its industrial and commercial development is reliably indicated, a comparison of the volume of seagoing shipping has been compiled by the statistical bureau of the German Empire. The data are given in juxtaposition for the years 1873 and 1909, i. e., for the time when the gold standard was established shortly after the foundation of the Empire and for the last year for which reliable figures are available.

The general tendency of modern shipping for employing larger vessels is clear from the fact that the number of vessels engaged in the transport from and to German ports has not kept pace with the growth of the tonnage. There were cleared in 1873 altogether 48,000 sea-going ships. This number grew to 1,10,000 in 1911, so that there was not much more than a doubling. But the tonnage of the ships dropping anchor in German ports rose in the same period of from 6,240,000 to 28,445,000. This means more than four times the original start.

It is a remarkable coincidence that in 1909, the tonnage of the ships plying between German ports was exactly equal to the whole shipping of 1873. But besides this coasting trade German ports saw the entry of 42,000 ships arriving from other parts of Europe (with a tonnage of nearly 14 3-4 millions) and the entry of 2595 ships coming from non-European harbours carrying 7 1-2 million tons.)

The lion's share of foreign shipping in German ports falls of course to Great Britain. There arrived in 1909 British ships with an aggregate of 6,400,000 tons. The next place is taken by the Scandinavian countries beyond the Baltic Sea. Sweden and Denmark together sent 3 2-5 million tons. It is remarkable that French shipping was only represented by 170,000 tons, and that even more distant Spain with 265,000 tons marches in front of it.

In the intercourse with America the United States take by far the lead amongst the foreign nations. They were credited with upwards of three million tons. But the Argentinian flag is nowadays very well represented in German ports. 285 ships of the Argentine Republic arrived in 1909; they were capable of carrying 821,000 tons. Next to this Republic to Brazilian are pushing to the foreground. With their 368,000 tons they have already beaten the Chilean shipping amounting to 364,000 tons. Altogether the arrivals of American ships have risen since 1875 from 1 to 5 1-5 million tons. If we now turn to other continents, we find of course, much small figures, but a more rapid growth, is calculated by percentage. Of African ships only a tonnage of 17,000 was made up in 1873. In 1909, their tonnage reached 687,000, almost fourteen times as much. The British colonies are foremost among African shippers to Germany, e.g., British South Africa with 150,000 and British West Africa with 137,000 tons.

For the Asiatic countries the shipping returns in 1873, give a total of 109,000 tons against 11 millions in 1909, i. e., ten times as much. Here again the lion's share falls to the British flag, representing about half a million of tons. Japan follows with 240,000 tons and Asiatic Russia with 200,000 tons.

Australia was the home of only 17,000 tons shipping in German ports during the year of 1873. In 1909, this figure had risen to 340,000 tons, therefore to twenty times the former tonnage. If we put the whole traffic from non-European countries to German ports together, we arrive at 1,180,000 tons in 1873, and to 7,364,000 in 1909. Altogether the large increase of domestic and foreign shipping in German harbours is wonderful, as these figures show.

THEATRES FOR PROVINCIAL TOWNS.

If we compare the organisation for theatrical performances in the various countries of Europe, we see at once how much Germany has gone ahead. Take, for instance, the two countries that formerly were best provided with respectable theatres, France and Italy. In France a permanent theatre exists outside of Paris only in the most important cities, such as Marseille, Lyons, Bordeaux, Rouen and a few others. Even the wealthiest middle-sized cities are contented with occasional performances for which the members of the principal stages come over in the slack season. Smaller towns have to forego the enlivening effect not only of the theatre but even of good music. In appearance at least it is a little better in Italy. There we find large buildings with a stage even in many smaller towns; but one has no chance of seeing them used for theatrical performances except during the Carneval. In Milan alone a permanent stage has been established, while Rome has not yet succeeded in securing performances all the year round. How different is the state of things theatrical in the Fatherland! There you may be sure to find the theatre going almost everywhere during the whole season from the beginning of September to Easter. Germany owes this advantage partly to the many courts of the federal states. It has always been considered the distinguishing feature of a princely residence, that a Court Theatre provides entertainments of high degree; with praiseworthy ambition this distinction is upheld regardless of expense. Thus even very small "capitals" or former capitals, such as Koburg, Gotha, Altenburg, Dessau, Sondershausen, Oldenburg and so forth have permanent theatres conducted with high skill and good taste. The theatre of Weimar under Goethe's management has been the classical model, and in more recent times; the Meiningen stage has even revolutionised our modern dramatic performances everywhere. In other places the municipal authorities have successfully vied with neighbouring courts. Hamburgh, Cologne, Breslau and Bremen deserve special praise for their magnificent stages. Lately nearly all medium-sized towns have thus been provided with permanent theatres, for which as e. g. in Cottbus fine buildings have been provided by the generosity of wealthy citizens. But now even the smaller towns have participated in the movement; even industrial upstarts among the towns are not prevented by their heavy burdens for the benefit of their working masses to provide themselves with this aesthetic luxury. As long ago as 1899, the Prussian Minister of Education encouraged the formation of unions, in which several neighbouring towns were combined for making a contract with a good company of actors to provide them with performances during a theatrical season of two or three months. One of the most noteworthy of these arrangements is that of the Mark of Brandenburg founded in 1907. By the help of the Schiller Society, and of the Society for promoting culture amongst the people they were enabled to have theatres of their own for a part of the year. The capital for building the houses has been subscribed by some rich men, and the entrance fees are sufficient to pay the actors and allow even a moderate interest to the shareholders. What these theatres aim at, is easily gleaned from the table of performances in the year just ended. There is no idea of a Music Hall or a Variety Show. But the dramas of Goethe and Schiller, of Shakespeare and Calderon, of Moliere and Bjornson, of Kleist and Hebbel, of Gerhart Hauptmann and Tolstoi are their mainstay. The success went beyond every expectation, so that other provinces have followed the example. In the province of Posnia, where there are only small towns, the State of Prussia has granted a subsidy in consideration of the importance of spreading culture in the Slavic parts as well. For the same reason the industrial villages of Upper Silesia have been granted a State subsidy for their theatrical performances. Another mode of procedure has been adopted in the industrial districts of Rhenish Prussia and Westphalia. There the Union of the villages and small towns guarantees a certain minimum to an enterprising director, who, by good performances may get a high return for himself and his actors on the profit sharing plan. The latest attempt at breaking the monotony of rural life in winter is the foundation of village theatres. Local talent is taken into requisition and an actor helps to produce something worth seeing. In various parts of Germany the village theatres are now in course of preparation and it is to be seen by experience whether they are a success.

L. ASCH.

MR. GOKHALE'S EDUCATION BILL.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—Since the Hon'ble Mr. Gokhale introduced his elementary education Bill in the Imperial Legislative Council some months ago, he has entered upon a canvassing campaign in the country. Wherever public meetings were held he explained its details and answered the criticism of those who held opposite views. He has succeeded in finding very powerful support to his Bill. He has indeed made out a good case in favour of universal primary education. But he has not succeeded in proving the necessity of making primary education compulsory.

The Government is taking vigorous steps to extend primary education by establishing primary schools in villages on an increasing scale. The results already achieved are very encouraging. The question has to be decided on the principle of "demand and supply." As the demand for increasing primary schools, grows, the Government is ready to supply them. Unless and until all efforts fail to extend the sphere of primary education through persuasion and moral influence, are resort to compulsion would be unwish and impolitic.

Mr. Gokhale and his supporter have preconceived democratic ideas borrowed from the West and they would wish the Government to carry them out by a Legislative enactment making primary education compulsory. But in the Indian administration, the Government has always to proceed on very cautious lines and those lines would not justify the adoption of compulsion at the present stage. Mr. Gokhale has cited with enthusiastic admiration the example of Baroda and he advises the Government to follow that example. In that connection, it has to be remembered that up to the formation of

THE TROUBLE IN TRIPOLI.

STATEMENT OF ITALY'S POSITION.

Alleged Attempts to Incite the Arabs.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

CONSTANTINOPLE, SEPT. 27.

Replying to a communication from the Italian Embassy, drawing attention to alleged attempts to incite the Arab population of Tripoli against the Italians, and recommending the abandonment of the despatch of arms and ammunition, as possibly likely to lead to regretable incidents, the Porte, yesterday, addressed a note to the Embassy, refuting the allegation, and adding that measures had been adopted for the maintenance of order.

Rumours were current yesterday, of the landing of Italian troops in Tripoli, but this is denied in competent quarters.

The Porte is endeavouring to secure the friendly intervention of Germany and Austria.

Reuter is informed, from an authoritative Italian source, that Italy's action in Tripoli is the result of the violation by the new Turkish regime of the treaty rights, and of its systematic opposition to Italian development. Italy does not seek a special position in Tripoli, but insists that she shall no longer be placed in a position of inferiority.

From an authoritative Ottoman source, however, Reuter has received a denial that Italy has been treated differently from the other Powers. All nations had equal trading privileges in Tripoli. If, it was added, Italy does not seek territorial rectification, or a protectorate, or a preferential position, then the removal of the present tension is very easy.

An Italian Strike.

ROME, SEPT. 26.

The central committee of railwaymen has issued a manifesto against the projected general strike, which has been initiated unsuccessfully by protesters against the action in Tripoli.

MALTA, SEPT. 27.

Two battleships and four destroyers, believed to be Italian, have passed here sailing in the direction of Tripoli.

A private telegram states that Italian warships, with an expeditionary force, are lying off Tripoli and that the Italians there are panic-stricken, fearing that a landing will provoke a massacre.

FRANCE AND GERMANY.

Interchange of Views still Necessary.

LONDON, SEPT. 27.

The French Note with reference to Morocco has been received in Berlin. It is couched in friendly terms but certain reservations are made which will necessitate further interchange of views.

"ORION'S" GUNS TESTED.

Expectations Surpassed.

LONDON, SEPT. 27.

The thirteen-inch guns of the "Orion" were tested yesterday. The seamen's ears were covered with leather flaps, padded with wool, and they scarcely heard the explosion, which shook the ship violently, smashing the crockery and splintering skylights. The bottom of a boat fell out. The "Orion's" structure was not damaged. The tests surpassed expectations.

FAILURE OF BANK OF EGYPT.

Assets Show a Surplus.

LONDON, SEPT. 26.

The failure of the Bank of Egypt is ascribed to losses caused by the late Egyptian director and a subsequent run. It is understood that the assets show a surplus, and that the depositors have every prospect of being paid.

AMERICAN STEEL TRUST.

Intended Dissolution Denied.

NEW YORK, SEPT. 27.

The Steel Trust emphatically denies that it is contemplating dissolution, as it has been legally advised that it is not violating the law.

GALLANT CONDUCT AT CORDITE FIRES.

LONDON, SEPT. 27.

The *London Gazette*, announces, with a full recital of their gallant conduct at fires caused by the explosion of cordite at Hyderabad and Ferozepore in 1906 the bestowal of Mr. Albert medal (First Class) on Sub-Conductor Parkis, and Captain Donovan and (second class) on Major-General Anderson, Lieutenant-Colonel Campbell, Captain Clarke, Assistant-Commissary Handley, Conductor Pargiter, Sergeant Robinson, Sergeant Smith and Mr. Robert Dow.

The second class of the Albert medal is also bestowed on Mr. Algernon Mann, Municipal Engineer of Rangoon, for saving a Cingalese from drowning on February 25th, 1911.

DUBLIN BAKERS' STRIKE.

LONDON, SEPT. 27.

The Dublin bakers have struck for an increase in wages of a shilling weekly.

FRENCH NAVAL DISASTER.

Official List of Casualties.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, SEPT. 26.

It is officially announced that 143 men were killed or are missing, on the "Liberté"; and 91 seriously injured. There were casualties on nine other warships, viz., 24 killed, 37 missing, 45 seriously injured and 48 slightly injured.

PARIS, SEPT. 27.

Admiral Bellue, a member of the General Staff, endorses the opinion that spontaneous combustion of "Powder B" caused the disaster on the "Liberte," like the blowing up of the "Jena" in 1907 and the disaster on the "Gloire" on the 20th instant.

The Admiral states that almost every ship has a quantity of defective cartridges with this powder, and says, "We have already been advised to exhaust this powder as soon as possible. We have a right to have ammunition which is not an external menace."

LONDON DOCKERS STRIKE AGAIN.

Trouble Thought to be Spreading.

LONDON, SEPT. 26.

Five hundred London dockers have struck alleging that the masters have not complied with the arbitrator's award. There are indications that the trouble is spreading.

THE COLONIES AND WAR.

Speech by General Botha.

LONDON, SEPT. 26.

General Botha, addressing his constituents at Losberg, referred to the controversy respecting the colonies in the event of war. He declared that in the case of Britain going to war, the Dutch, English and Afrikanders would fight shoulder to shoulder.

THE NAVAL ESTIMATES.

Anticipated Reduction in 1912.

LONDON, SEPT. 27.

Mr. McKenna, speaking at Pontypool, reiterated his anticipation that there would be a reduction in the Naval Estimates for 1912, but added that the scale of expenditure must depend on that of foreign countries.

ULSTER AND HOME RULE.

Strong Speech by Sir Edward Carson.

LONDON, SEPT. 27.

Sir Edward Carson, addressing a Unionist demonstration at Portrush, denied that the scheme for a provisional government for Ulster was unconstitutional, or that he was guilty of treason in propounding it. The Ulstermen would not fight the Army and Navy, but if the latter turned out to displace the Ulstermen, they would do so at their peril.

KILMARNOCK BYE-ELECTION

Mr. Gladstone Returned.

LONDON, SEPT. 27.

The following is the result of the Kilmarnock by-election :—

Mr. Gladstone (L.)	6,923
Sir J. D. Rees (U.)	4,637
Mr. McKerrall (Lab.)	2,761
Liberal majority	2,286

FINANCIAL ADVISER FOR CHINA.

PEKING, SEPT. 27.

It is reported that the Chinese Government will not accept the terms demanded by M. Visering, president of the Bank of Java, who was offered a nomination as financial adviser to the Chinese Government. The American Legation has been requested to arrange for the nomination of another supervisor.

LATE MAHARAJA OF COOCH BEHAR.

LONDON, SEPT. 26.

The party conveying the ashes of the Maharaja of Cooch Behar to India, will start by next week's mail.

SIR HERBERT RISLEY ILL.

LONDON, SEPT. 26.

Sir Herbert Risley is dangerously ill with a throat affection.

DELHI DURBAR.

Rehearsal of Ceremonies.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, SEPT. 27.

With reference to the notice published in June last regarding the allotment of sites for stalls and shops in the Coronations Durbar camp area at Delhi. It has been decided that applications will only be received up to the 15th October and will not be considered after that date. Any buildings to be erected on these sites must be completed by the 1st November next.

ALLAHABAD, SEPT. 27.

It is understood the rehearsals of ceremonials and military parades in connection with the Durbar will begin at Delhi from 1st December.

A fund to enable a small contingent of the Boy Scouts of Bangalore to attend Delhi or Calcutta during the Royal Visit was opened about a month ago, and as a result of the strenuous exertions of Capt. Baker, the Scoutmaster, only a small sum more is required to close the fund. To secure this a moonlight fete is being organized to take place in the Lal Bagh on 11th October and a popular concert will be held at the Bowring Institute this week.

THE SITUATION AT BUNDER ABBAS.

Attack on Customs Officers.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

KARACHI, SEPT. 27.

A Gulf correspondent of the *Sind Gazette* writes :—

The Governor of Bushire had sent 100 men in the Persian man-of-war, "Persepolis," to Bunder Abbas to protect the town against the threatened attack of robbers when the robbers themselves had withdrawn from the vicinity of the town and when the British men-of-war "Perseus" and "Espiegle," had also left the port finding it no longer necessary to remain there. These men are recruited from the Yangistan district and well known for insubordination and proneness to smuggling, especially arms. When they landed at Bunder Abbas on the 14th September each of these Tanghiseri had with him three or four rifles. The Persian Customs officers interrented on the beach and demanded that the extra rifles be detained in the Customs House for investigation. On this the ruffians finding their game was found out, opened fire killing two men, and wounding one, They then marched on the Customs with the intention of exterminating the entire Customs Department for getting their arms through. The Customs people are in panic as they possess no force to enforce the observance of their "reglemente." The Persian Deputy Governor, under whose nose there outrages were perpetrated is powerless and these 100 men who came with the ostensible object protecting the town from robbers have themselves turned smugglers and murderers of citizens. They even went so far as to fire on the Deputy Governor who tried to deter them from attacking the Customs officers. They remained masters of the situation for more than 24 hours during which time they quietly disposed of the extra rifles they had brought and then left the next day in pursuit of robbers, but only to plunder the poorer people in the interior. The Bahalees have again appeared in another direction and are reported to be approaching Bunder Abbas.

TEA CULTURE IN ASSAM.

A Successful Year.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, SEPT. 27.

In his report on tea culture in Eastern Bengal and Assam during 1910, Mr. Hart, Director of Agriculture, says:—"There were in the Province 944 gardens at the end of 1910, which was ten more than in the previous year. The total area, under tea cultivation at the end of 1910, was 442,582 acres, of which 95 per cent. was actually plucked. The number of permanent labourers on the tea-gardens was 453,140, an increase of 4,160. The year's crop amounted to 1,230,059 lbs. or six per cent. more than in the preceding year. Each of the tea areas realised better prices for the crop of 1911, than for that of 1910. The Brahmaputra Valley obtained two per cent. more in London, and one per cent. more in Calcutta. The Burma Valley's average price increased by six per cent. in London, and nine per cent. in Calcutta. The Jalpaiguri garden's average was nearly three per cent. more in London, but in Calcutta the rise was only nominal."

DEATH OF A DISTRICT JUDGE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, SEPT. 27.

Mr. Skinner, the District Judge of Purnea, died yesterday morning. A meeting of the Purnea public was held in the afternoon, and a resolution was adopted expressing sorrow and conveying sympathy to the relations of the deceased.

MYSORE CO-OPERATIVE CONFERENCE.

The Yuvaraj's Speech.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

BANGALORE, SEPT. 27.

The Yuvaraj's speech at the opening of the Co-operative Credit Societies Conference at Mysore yesterday was in Kanarese to the following effect :—

In discussing various expedients that have been adopted in the past to bring capital and labour together to the best advantage of the community, he referred to the English, German and Danish systems of the co-operation of workers for their mutual benefit. It had been truly said that the best of all methods of helping others was to show them how to help themselves. Sri Krishna said the same thing in the Bhagavad Gita, "We are our own friend and we are our own enemies." He commended self help and combination on the English principles of "Union is strength." It was only six years ago that the regulation to promote Co-operative societies in Mysore was passed into law. They had now 140 societies with 10,107 members, a working capital of Rs. 3,86,650 and a paid up share capital of Rs. 2,29,726 loans at low rates of interest had been granted during that period to the extent of Rs. 30,00,000. Raw material and stores of the value of six lakhs were sold. Rupees forty-five thousand were earned in profits by members and a reserve fund of Rs. 10,961 had been built up. These figures spoke for themselves. This Conference aimed at focussing experience, elucidating matters of doubt and affording the movement a fresh impetus. In the subjects before them they had a varied field of enquiry and he hoped their discussions would enable them to arrive at definite conclusions such as would help them to avoid mistakes and safeguard the Co-operative Institution from all risk of failure. There was no industrial movement more worthy of their attention.

Several delegates spoke returning thanks, one of whom representing the Koratagiri Society remarked that 99 per cent. of the Mysore people were poor and the rich, one per cent, took the property of the ryots by lending money at considerable interest.

INDIAN RAILWAY CONFERENCE.

Dinner at Viceregal Lodge.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, SEPT. 27.

There was a dinner party at Viceregal Lodge last night, and among those invited were the Hon'ble Mr. W. H. Clark and Mrs. Clark, the Hon'ble Sir Trevredyn Wynne, President of the Indian Railway Conference Association; Mr. W. A. Dring, the Hon'ble Mr. H. P. Burt and Mrs. Burt, Colonel C. H. Cowie, R.E., Mr. J. Willcocks, Mr. H. B. Taylor and Mrs. Taylor, Mr. A. Pendlebury and Mrs. Pendlebury, Major H. A. L. Hepper, Mr. A. Muirhead, Mr. G. C. Godfrey, Mr. E. A. Neville, the Hon. Mr. Vernon Woods, Mr. J. A. Kellie and Mrs. Kellie, Mr. H. G. Adamson and Mrs. Adamson, Mr. G. B. Warren, Mr. R. Todd, Mr. F. W. Hanson, Mr. W. B. Wright, Mr. C. M. Pearce, Mr. A. C. Bumboll, Mr. T. J. McLoughlin, Mr. A. M. Clark, Mr. H. B. Huddleston and Mrs. Huddleston, Mr. J. Walker, Mr. W. C. Gaye, Mr. H. B. Holmes and Mrs. Holmes, Major H. A. Cameron and Mrs. Cameron, Mr. A. R. Jacobson, Mr. R. L. Bliss and Mrs. Bliss, Mr. C. E. Ross and Mrs. Ross, Mr. D. Ross, and Mr. Johnson, Secretary Indian Railway Conference Association.

BENGAL POLICE REPORT.

Government Resolution Issued.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, SEPT. 27.

The Government of Bengal has issued an important resolution on the Administration Report of the Police Department for the year 1910. The year ended with a comparatively clean sheet in respect of political crime, but no relaxation of vigilance is justifiable. There was an increase in the number of burglaries and dacoities, but the Lieutenant-Governor is unable to accept the Inspector-General's estimate of causes attributing to this result. The Lieutenant-Governor is not prepared to accept, at the Inspector-General's valuation, the conclusion that the outstanding cause of district fluctuations is the good or bad work of the superintendents in charge, though he admits that the prime importance of this factor is liable to be overlooked, because it is one for which inefficient superintendents are interested in finding alternatives.

HIGHER STANDARD OF EFFICIENCY.

If the disproportionate growth of crime is to be attributed in any measure to this cause, the only possible conclusion is that the superior officers of the police force are growing more and more inefficient. Here again the Lieutenant-Governor prefers to be guided by experience rather than by *a priori* reasoning and has no hesitation in affirming that the standard of efficiency amongst the members of the Indian police is very much higher now than it was ten or fifteen years ago. Regarding the reformation of the rural police, the Lieutenant-Governor makes it obligatory for this force to report crime to police stations and not to presidents alone and suggests an improvement of the *personnel* amongst the body of presidents, and trust these measures will give the system of employing presidents a new base of useful life.

Regarding charges against the police, the resolution says, "The suggestion so frequently insinuated that the Government is remiss in its endeavours to stamp out such abuses as occur is sufficiently refuted by the action taken in the Birbhum torture case, one of the two cases of this nature which were proved to be true. In this case, a Sub-Inspector, a constable and two villagers were concerned in beating a prisoner arrested on suspicion in a burglary case in order to extort a confession. The prisoner died, and it is probable, though of this there is no adequate proof, that his death was caused by his maltreatment. The Superintendent, in spite of the case being brought to his notice, failed to enquire himself or to exercise proper supervision over the enquiry and the Divisional Inspector also shirked the investigation under circumstances which throw suspicion upon his motives. An Inspector from the Criminal Investigation Department was, thereupon, deputed to investigate the case with the result that the accused were convicted in the Sessions Court and sentenced to various terms of imprisonment. For his failure to deal adequately with this case, the Superintendent has been degraded, and the Inspector, Sub-Inspector and constable have been dismissed from the force.

INVESTIGATION OF MALTREATMENT CHARGES.

"The Lieutenant-Governor takes this opportunity of calling the attention of all police officers to the punishments inflicted on the Superintendent and Inspector as a warning of the consequences attendant upon failure to put forward the utmost exertions to investigate charges of maltreatment preferred against subordinates. In the second true case of this nature, a Sub-Inspector and two constables of the Midnapur District, were charged with having maltreated an accused in a dacoity case. After an inquiry by the Superintendent, who found the charges true, they were placed on trial, convicted under Section 330, Indian Penal Code, sentenced to various terms of imprisonment and dismissed from the force.

"While the Lieutenant-Governor has thus demonstrated his anxiety that all charges against the police should be efficiently investigated and, if proved, strictly punished, he is constrained to observe that the practice of preferring frivolous and even false charges of this nature is far to prevalent. The detection and punishment of guilty members is altogether to the advantage of the force, but false and frivolous charges do nothing but harm, and it is the duty of a magistrate sternly to repress them and of the public to render him all possible assistance in doing so."

LATER.

The Bengal Government resolution on the Police administration is a subject of much comment in the Press.

Referring to the statement that out of twenty cases of extortion only two ended in conviction, the *Empire* says:—"We confess we are not greatly impressed by this essay in proportion. We find it difficult to believe that only two cases of extortion took place throughout Bengal during the whole of last year. It is of course notorious that such cases are hardly even reported. Apart from downright extortion, the police in outlying districts are sometimes credited with a procedure which cannot be called torture, but which is said to be equally efficacious for the purpose for which it is instituted. A policeman will go and sit outside a certain house without saying anything, doing anything, until the house-holder in sheer terror and shame makes it worth his while to go away. And no one who has seen the abject deference of the average ryot or coolie to humblest limb of law, can doubt the existence of a very powerful and sinister influence emanating from the latter.

ELECTRIC LIGHTS IN A TEMPLE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, SEPT. 27.

Electric lights have been installed in Kali's temple at Kalighat. Pilgrims visiting the temple were formerly much inconvenienced by defective lighting, but when a proposal was made to instal electricity, there was considerable opposition on the part of orthodox Hindus. Eventually, the Shebaits decided that there was nothing objectionable in electric wires. The cost of installation has been borne by two Hindu gentlemen, who prefer to remain anonymous. In view of the large influx of pilgrims during the Durga Puja, the Electric Supply Corporation gave the connection at very short notice.

MATHERAN RAILWAY.

Re-opening after the Rains.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MATHERAN, SEPT. 27.

The Matheran Railway was inspected to-day by the Consulting Engineer who was satisfied with the line. The Railway will open from 29th September. Week-end tickets will be issued from the same date. The weather is charming and pleasant. Many visitors are coming up this week. Trains will be starting from Neral at 10 a.m., and 4-30 p.m.

FAMINE IN KATHIAWAR.

Relief Works to be Started Shortly.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RAJKOT, SEPT. 27.

The famine situation in Kathiawar is becoming acute every day. The Agency Engineer had recently been on tour to inspect places where tanks and lakes can be conveniently constructed and he has prepared a dozen schemes of lakes. Relief works have not yet practically begun though Native States have long before been requested to start relief works.

A Deputation of Rajkot citizens has gone to Bombay to raise subscriptions for cattle and those poor communities of Rajkote who cannot maintain themselves.

The rates of food materials were advancing rapidly, but now there is a lull owing to overstock and all rates show a tendency to reduction.

ATHLETICS IN MADRAS.

Use of People's Park.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, SEPT. 27.

A meeting of the Madras Corporation was held last evening to consider the recommendations of the special committee which reported upon the reasons submitted by the Indian Athletic Association for not using the People's Park which was lent by the Corporation for the purpose of holding periodical public sports and games and also for making use of the park as a common sports and recreation ground. Having regard to the past history of the Association, the Committee were satisfied that the Association could not exist without occasional carnivals, such as used to be held in the past, and that the existence of the Association was useless if they failed to carry out the purpose for which the grounds of the People's Park were handed over to them. The Committee, therefore, recommended to the Corporation that the land and buildings in possession of the Association should be taken over by the Corporation after they should have given six months' notice to the Association. It was further recommended that the ground floor of the building be given for use as a free reading-room and that the grounds be used for the purpose of sports. It was also recommended that a Committee be appointed by the Corporation to draw up details for management of the grounds and buildings by the Corporation.

SALE OF MYSORE TRANSPORT CORPS PONIES.

Good Prices Realised.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT).

BANGALORE, SEPT. 27.

At the Cubbon Park by the Victoria Statue there was something like a country horse fair this morning. A very large crowd of people came to bid for the 140 ponies thrown out of the Mysore Imperial Service Transport Corps in consequence of its gradual conversion to bullock transport. Exceptionally good prices were realised, some of the ponies fetched as much as Rs. 250. A couple of two year olds from the Kunigar Stud Farm by Courage Dam Negative and Munderah Dam Philemath which were selected for racing were knocked down to Mr. Wishart for Mr. Ariff of Rangoon for Rs. 1,200.

H H. AGA MURTAZA KHAN.

Receives Army Commission from the King.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, SEPT. 27.

The following Press communique is issued in the Foreign Department :—His Imperial Majesty the King Emperor has been graciously pleased to grant a commission of Imperial Cadet to H. H. Aga Murtaza Khan of Bombay who has undergone three years training in the Imperial Cadet Corps and has qualified himself to receive a commission as an officer of His Majesty's Army.

INDIAN NATIONAL CONGRESS.

Presidency Still Vacant.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, SEPT. 27.

A meeting of the Congress Reception Committee was held last night to consider suggestions made regarding the presidentship of the next Congress. The leaders were very reticent about giving any information and some members expressed indignation at the publication in the Press of the proceedings of the previous meeting. Considering the advanced age of Mr. Hume, it was assumed that he would not be able to come out to India. The majority of those present were in favour of electing Mr. Mackarness. A small minority, however, on principle, objected to the election of any but an Indian. The names of several Indian Congress leaders, both Hindus and Mahomedans, were then suggested, but no decision was arrived at, and the matter will again come up for consideration at the next meeting.

SPECIAL INDUSTRIAL SCHOOLS.

Principals Sent from Home.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, SEPT. 27,

It is stated that the Secretary of State has now made appointments to three new special schools recommended by the Industrial Conference which sat at Nainital in 1907. These include the School of Design at Lucknow, the Carpentry School which is already a seat of a flourishing industry in cabinet making and an experimental weaving station at Benares. Buildings have been ready for some time, and now that the Principals have been appointed and are actually on their way to India, the opening of the schools may shortly be expected.

KARACHI GOANESE NURSE CASE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

KARACHI, SEPT. 27.

The case against a Pathan muleteer for committing a murderous assault on a nurse and a commercial traveller at Clifton last week comes on for hearing in the Additional City Magistrate's Court, Karachi, on Friday next. The Pathan is charged under Section 307 of I. P. C. of attempted murder. The injured persons are said to be making fair progress towards recovery.

THE ASHE MURDER TRIAL.

The Third Approver's Evidence.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, SEPT. 27.

Before the Special Tribunal to-day Ramaswamy Iyer, the third approver, was examined. He described the meetings held at the house of Babu Pillay at Ponalur. At these meetings Nilkantan spoke about attaining Swaraj and explained that Swaraj meant the ruling of India by Indians and said that they should all unite and work for this cause. By work he meant that they should drive the English out of the country, and thus obtain Swaraj. Witness had never heard of Swaraj before. Nilkantan also said that meetings had been held in Calcutta, Bombay, Pondicherry and other places. He advised that factories, loom and store, should be established and said that he had a list of people who had worked for the cause of India. These included Tilak, Bipin Chandra Pal, Arabinda Ghose, and Subramania Bharatti. He said that all these were people who worked for the country and were the true sons of Bharatha Mata. If they followed their footsteps they could obtain Swaraj.

Witness did not know what "Bharatha Mata" meant. He understood that the men mentioned by the first accused were good men who had worked for the Swadeshi cause by lecturing and collecting people in villages making them into one society. He had not heard of the men the first accused mentioned previously. Witness thought that what the first accused had said was right and that he was describing how things necessary for their country should be done. The first accused said the English were ruining the country, spreading disease, oppressing people by taxes and that they should be driven out of India. The weapons necessary for driving them out were being prepared in Pondicherry. The lectures were delivered for two or three nights for about an hour and a half on each occasion. Witness was present when the oath was taken. He knew the oath was to be taken before. Nilkantan said in token of all of them being met they should take an oath. Next day there were present when the oath was taken all the men of whom he had previously spoken. The oath was taken upstairs at Babu Pillay's house. They all sat in a circle and a brass lamp was placed near with a picture of Kali and a Ramayana book. They took the book up to their eyes and afterwards let it down. Then Nilkantan took Kungam and offered it to the goddess Kali. They then pricked their thumbs with a needle and when blood flowed they made a mark with their thumbs in a paper in which their names were written. The paper was given to the first accused who read out what had been written there and told that the names of all the members of the Sabha should not be divulged and any one divulging their secrets should be destroyed and that they should try to drive the English out of India and so obtain Swaraj.

MADRAS FISHERIES REPORT.

Sir Fred. Nicholson's Valuable Work.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, SEPT. 27.

An interesting report on the work of Madras Fisheries Department for the year 1910-11 by the Honorary Director Sir Frederick Nicholson, has been issued by the Government.

Progress is recorded in various directions. At present large quantities of sardines are dried on the beach for manure. By this method the whole of the valuable fish-oil contained in them is lost, much of the nitrogen in the fish disappears and the resulting article is about one-third sand. Assuming that only 50,000 tons of fish are so treated which is a low estimate, there is a loss of about rupees ten lakhs worth of oil and about two lakhs worth of nitrogenous element in the manure. To save rupees twelve lakhs a year in the industry is to improve the economic position of Madras Fisheries very considerably. The new method by which such saving can be effected is as follows :—The fish are boiled in open pans over a fire and the boiling stuff is pressed for oil. The pressed scrap is then dried in the sun on mats and forms guano. The price obtained for oil is about Rs. 160 per ton or 250 gallons. A much higher price can be obtained for finer oil, but for the present Sir Frederick Nicholson does not recommend the adoption of means for producing refined yellow oil as the production of inferior brown oil is very simple and highly remunerative. Where the whole fish are used the cost of turning 10 tons into oil and guano is about Rs. 160 and the yield is 1 1-2 ton of oil worth Rs. 160 a ton and two tons of guano worth Rs. 70 a ton. So that an expenditure of about Rs. 160, of which Rs. 110 would be for the fish, yields a net profit of Rs. 220. In fact, the oil hitherto lost at least pays all the expenses leaving guano as pure profit.

The following is the Government recognition of the work done :—"Sir Frederick Nicholson's interesting report is a record of valuable work accomplished during the year which merits the attention of all connected with the industrial development of the country. The Government congratulate Sir Frederick Nicholson and the officers under his control on the substantial amount of progress shown."

THE MYSTERY SHIPS.

The mystery of the fleet of armed steamers recently held up by the authorities is not likely ever to be revealed unless the principals disclose their plans —which, a correspondent writes, is not likely. All that may be made known is that some vessels were purchased for warlike purposes, that they were to be so converted in the holds that they would accommodate among them about 1,500 men intended as landing parties, each armed with rifles, and that each ship was to be fitted on deck with four guns of small calibre.

It is improbable, the correspondent adds, that there will be any law proceedings, since the owners have consented to remove all the warlike fittings put into the vessels, and their plan having been frustrated, they will resell the vessels, since it would be impossible to fit them up in any part of the world without exciting suspicion and courting failure.

As the law stands, it is not an offence to arm a yacht or other vessel, even with guns of heavy calibre so long as the owner gives satisfactory answers to questions that are asked; but if such replies are not forthcoming the owners have no alternative but to dismantle. The present Royal yacht of Spain was built for Colonel McCalmont and armed as a cruiser and when troubles broke out in Spain she was presented to the mother of King Alfonso, who at one time seemed to be in need of a speedy ship to leave the country in. The colonel then built another heavily armed yacht on warship lines for himself, but the Government knew that he was not on filibustering bent. The "mystery ship" incident may now be regarded as closed.

BOMBAY PILOT SERVICE.

Suggested Movement of Pilot Station.

It is possible that considerable alteration may be made in the conditions of the Bombay pilot service, the alterations amounting to reorganisation, and the principal point being the suggested movement of the pilot station from the present outer to the inner station at Sunk Rock. The Port Officer (Commander Beaumont) has made certain recommendations to the Port Trust, which have been embodied in a circular letter to various Bombay companies interested in shipping. These companies are asked to express their opinions upon the suggested changes, and when their replies have been received the whole question will be considered by the Port Trustees. We understand that the principal firms concerned are submitting the proposals to their head offices at Home, and consequently it is likely that a decision cannot be reached for some time.

The Port Officer has suggested that an attended light-vessel be placed at a point 4½ miles south, 71 deg. west of the Prong's light-house. The light-ship would be fitted with a 12,000 c. p. light and also with a powerful syren and submarine bell for use in foggy weather. The Port Officer seems to consider that this would afford to incoming ships sufficient indication of the course, until they reach the customary waterway, already outlined by signal lights, into the harbour. He suggests, therefore, that with the provision of this light-ship, it would be unnecessary for pilot service to be rendered through what, in his opinion, is an easily navigable and clearly indicated course into the harbour. He proposes in consequence that the pilot station should be permanently moved from its present outer position to the inner station near Sunk Rock.

These proposals will certainly occasion a great deal of discussion before any final decision is reached. We believe that they are not universally regarded with favour by the local officers of the shipping companies, which have been consulted, while amongst the pilots they seem to have excited distinct disfavour. If carried into effect, they will obviously reduce to a large extent the amount of actual pilotage work, which is now performed by members of the pilot service. These are at present of opinion that the proposals will occasion by the loss of their pilotage fees for the passage from the present outer station to Sunk Rock, a considerable reduction in their emoluments. So much so in fact, that they question whether for the return, which they expect to receive, it will be possible to obtain competent officers to discharge the duties, which will be expected of them. On the other hand it is the contention of the Port Officer that his reorganisation of their duties will not affect the pay of the pilots. It will be open to them to accept positions of Assistant Harbour Masters, in which event they will be required in addition to piloting vessels from the Sunk Rock into dock, to carry out the duties now performed by berthing-masters. He considers that the proposed changes will not involve any reduction of the present pilotage staff. This staff at the moment, in view of possible changes, is at three below its complement, and no further reduction than this will be demanded. It may be added that the shipping companies have been informed tentatively that the alternative to these changes is an increase of pilotage charges, the recommendations having been made mainly with a view to economy.

INTERNATIONAL CRICKET.

Mahomedans to Compete.

A MEETING of representatives of the different communities was held on Tuesday, at the Bombay Gymkhana to consider the question of admitting the Mahomedans to international cricket, when the following gentlemen attended: Messrs. E. L. Sale, G. C. Phillips, J. S. Milne and F. R. R. Brooke, (Bombay Gymkhana); Majors J. G. Greig and W. M. Southey, (Poona Gymkhana); Messrs. D. B. Lam and J. M. Divecha (Parsi Gymkhana); Mr. G. H. Naik, (Hindu Gymkhana); and the Honble Mr. Ibrahim Rahimtoola and Mr. H. C Tyebji (Islam Gymkhana.)

It was unanimously resolved to admit Mahomedans to international cricket, thus converting the present triangular contest into a quadrangular one.

The field of selection of the Mahomedans will not be limited to the Bombay Presidency, but will extend to other parts of India as well, so that the Aligarh players may be able to play for their compatriots.

There will be altogether three matches and lots will be drawn to decide what teams shall play each other in the two preliminary contests. The final will be played between the winners of the first matches. In the event of any of the first two matches not coming to a definite conclusion, the results of the first innings will be considered decisive, and in case the first innings are not completed, a spin of the coin will decide who shall play the final match. All the matches will be played on the Bombay Gymkhana ground, the contest commencing most probably in the third week of September and ending on Wednesday of the last week of the same month.

The arrangement of the quadrangular contest will not affect the Poona fixture between the Presidency and the Parsis, which will as usual be played in the second week of September.

FOUND DEAD IN BED.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, SEPT. 27.

This morning the servants of Sergeant-Instructor Ballard of the Madras Volunteer Guards who lived at Atkinson Road, Vepery, finding that their master had not got up went into his room and found him dead in the bed. The police were informed and Inspector Nicholas held an inquest at the Egmore Mortuary. The remains of the deceased were interred this evening in St. Mary's burial ground with military honours.

BHAVNAGAR NOTES.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

BHAVNAGAR, SEPT. 26.

The hopes of the people in regard to rain have been realized. On Sunday evening a smart shower fell. Vartej, Sehore, Songad and Sonosra received showers also, whilst at Madhda in Bhavnagar heavy rain fell. On the Jetalsar-Rajkot Section rain fell also. Gondal recording 1in. 62cents. On Monday evening heavy rain fell at Dhola. Sonpura too received heavy showers. Showers measuring 25 cents fell at Bihore.

It is stated that Mr. A. Chowdhuri, the well-known Calcutta Barrister and the members of the Hindu University Deputation, will attend the Hindu Conference which meets at Amritsar on Friday and Saturday next.

IN DAYS OF OLD.

[FROM THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE", SEPT. 28TH, 1825.]

The rains this year, have been more partial than in any former season within the reach of memory, and while many parts of upper Hindustan have been nearly destitute, of moisture, the neighbourhood of Baroda has been nearly deluged; but the crops, fortunately, have escaped injury and appearances promise an abundant harvest.

A letter from Calcutta, dated the 4th September, states the following particulars:—

"There is a report that Commissioners are to be sent from the Supreme Government to relieve Sir Archibald Campbell from his duties as Agent to the Governor-General."

"Notwithstanding the sickness that prevails in the Burmese Territories the number of deaths among the officers is by no means great, as out of nearly 400, including the officers of the Naval Department, there have been no more than 12 deaths since going into Cantonments. Persons coming away on sick leave recover almost immediately after quitting."

Since writing the above letters have been received from Rangoon, stating the Burmese to have concentrated an Army above Prome, where they are stockading the rivers and passes to the greatest advantage. It was supposed our troops would have plenty of employment next campaign.

"The Hastings, Captain Hardy, is employed during the suspension of operations, in surveying the Delta of Arracan, and the Investigator, Captain Ross, in the examination of the mouths of the Irrawddy."

CUTCH.

The plundering Meyannas, of which we have heard so much lately from their frequent incursions into Cutch, and occasionally into Jhalawar, are generally inhabitants of the northern parts of Kattywar, and of Cutch, who, either from fear of punishment on account of crimes they have committed or from oppression on the part of the native Tackoors, whose territories they inhabited, have fled across the Run into the desert, where they have engaged in marauding excursions into the neighbouring countries, not only from their having, under such circumstances no other means of subsistance, but because almost the whole race possess an inherent and incorrigible "penchant" for applying, without leave or licence, the property of their neighbours to their own use. They profess to be Mahomedans, but in as far as regards religion they may be said to be perfectly unfettered and at their ease. They are a byeword for every thing base and treacherous, and do not even possess that honesty which is said to exist among thieves, being not only faithless to strangers but to each other, even when they stand in the relation not only of clansmen but kinsmen. Such, as far as we have heard is the character of the Mayanas, but the plunderers, who have lately visited Cutch in such numbers, are not all composed of this tribe. Besides Meyannas, they consist of Rajputs, Coolies, Ayeers, Juts, Baluchees, Scindians, and various other tribes; in fact, of all the criminal and discontented of the surrounding countries, who have united into a body and who appear to have obtained for the present, a secure asylum, and a mart for their booty. This asylum certainly within the territories of the Ameers of Scind, but how far they or their subordinate officers are concerned in encouraging, or even how far they are able to put down their plundering forays into the neighbouring countries, we have no opportunity of knowing. The native accounts state that they not only encourage them, but they exact a part of the plunder as the price of the protection they afford; but, however, that may be, we have no great hopes that a remedy will soon be applied to relieve the countries connected with us on the Northern frontier from the predatory visits to which they have been lately exposed, and which with bad seasons and other causes, have nearly depopulated them. To show how unfortunate Kattywar and Cutch have been we have only to mention that within the period of thirteen years these countries have been twice exposed to famine; that after the first scarcity they were pervaded by a fever, which carried off half of the remaining inhabitants; and besides suffering, like other parts of India, from spasmodic cholera, they have during the same time, been partially visited by the plague, or a disease nearly resembling it, and have experienced a very severe shock of an earthquake, which in some districts levelled both towns and villages with the ground, and proved fatal to great numbers of the inhabitants. Countries under such circumstances require rest and peace, far less to be disturbed and harassed by the incursions of lawless banditti.

FIRE AT WADHWAN.

(FROM A CORRESPONDENT.)

WADHWAN CAMP, SEPT. 25.

A fire—took place in the Timber Yards (Lati) between the Christian Cemetery and Mr. Byramji Mowdawala's bungalow, at about 9 p.m. on Saturday last. The origin is not yet known, but when the alarm was given, it had already spread over a considerable area vain. Major Wood, Political Agent, on hearing of the fire was the first to arrive at the scene and personally superintended the operations. The municipal engine came up then and began to pour water on the burning wood. The engine from Mr. Whittle's factory also rendered help. An Agency sowar was at once despatched to Wadhwan city to fetch the steam engine, which came up at about 2-30 p.m. The damage at present is estimated at about forty thousand rupees. The flames were so high that they were seen by the train-passengers at Ramporda on the Morvi Line and at Lakhtar on the R. M. Line.

BHAVNAGAR, SEPT. 26.

At the enquiry into the disastrous fire that occurred at Wadhwan it was found that the official report put down the damage at about Rs. 50,000. The Political Agent, Major Wood, arrived at 11 p.m. at the scene of fire and remained until 7 o'clock on the following morning working hard. And it was partly through his efforts that the neighbouring buildings escaped. Major Wood also bravely rescued three children at considerable risk to himself, his heroic action being greeted with cheers.

SECUNDERABAD TRADES ASSOCIATION.

At the meeting of the Association Office, Secunderabad, this month Mr. S. Laver, the President, said:—Our report may be summed up in the word 'Progress.' But there is one feature in the history of this progress, which I should like to mention. It relates to the policy which has guided me and your Committee in public matters touching your welfare. Though we are leaving under British laws, and British jurisdiction, yet, the atmosphere of the Hyderabad State plays freely into our trading interests and must needs swell the sails of our enterprising endeavours. Our experience has taught us the wisdom that lies in the best traditiong of Eastern government,—namely the lesson so essential to be studied in these days of public agitation,—that good is far oftener achieved by the gentler methods of tactful conciliation than by bombs and blustering. You will pardon me for alluding to bombs, but I can assure you that this weapon of anarchy has a wholesome dress for the dominions of the good Nizam. The season is perhaps to be found in the old redicalism of the Mogul dynasties in this country, that must last as long as blood is blood. Soul think we may congratulate ourselves in occupying a very fortunate position;—and the progress we are making in the years of our infancy ought to be pleasing to most of you. The interview with Mr. Casson Walker, C. I. E., may be taken as an earnest of good things to come. It cannot be denied to that much remains to be done (and undone) for the encouragement of trade in these dominions, but when we are better known as a body working for commercial prosperity, I feel sure that greater support will follow closer recognition, and that this district will become the large trading centre it should be in comparison with its capacity and importance. I fear, however, our efforts would fall short of this achievement if we could not make our own position and importance sufficiently emphasized. In other words, we must show ourselves a truly efficient body in every way,—a fact which I would commend to your very earnest consideration now and for the future.

Colonel Lord Sinclair, a Crimean veteran, who had his horse shot under him at the battle of Inkerman and was severely wounded in the attack on the Redan, celebrated his eightieth birthday in mail week.

SPORTING NEWS.

POONA RACES.

Second Meeting, Second Day.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, SEPT. 26.

This fixture taking place in mid week was rather poorly attended punters again having much the worst of exchanges. The weather also at the beginning of the proceedings was uncomfortably hot. Fair fields all through, and also some exciting finishes made up more good sport.

The opening race was the Colonial Plate when Ask Mama, late Waimoke, was made a warm favourite, though his previous performances by no means warranted this. In the race she pulled double for half the Journey when she was left by Encourage joined by Runaway Girl. There was a good race for over a furlong when the latter tried and was beaten also by Cheeky. The winner again proved himself a solid stayer, but started as the outside after his shewing in the cup and now over the distance it better suited him. Braganza fulfilled expectations in the Bedouin Plate; Parliament and Meazer promised a good race from the bend, but Braganza was going easy and outstayed a strong late run by Sir Hugo.

The Stewards Purse caused an upset, Vancouver being favourite, but failing to even place he began to drop away after the half mile, but came again. He has always been a strong finisher and strong driving when he lost ground would have made a good deal of difference. The Loaf, then, The Cockatoo were in front, then Deverenk came up. At the six furlongs the latter two and Lady Spring were in a line; at the bend and the Cockatoo stuck it out though Royal Scotland was the pick of the stable. Another long priced one got home in the next. The fancies being Mutrood Young, Thara and Singer. Soon after the start Maasal took a very long lead but only lasted to the bend where Allen who had made up a deal of ground from the half mile came up with Baloz into the lead. These two fought out every yard, but Baloz ridden out strong just got there, Nurgis shewing improved form by putting in a late run past Singer. Lumination in the September plate was the good thing of the day as on last occasion with a big weight up she made running dear in front.

This furlong less now was in her favour and ridden more patiently held them all safe. At the finish Chivalry ran well up all the way whereas Aquatic got off poorly from the start, but finished in a manner which can only confirm all the good impressions he has made since landing in this country. Lastly the Lawn Plate in which Abdul Malik and Ashroff monopolised the bulk of money. As to Abdul Malik he never looked like being able to get through and Ashroff found an opening too late to more than place. Any way if it is improbable that he would have won as Zoolphokare had something in hand when beating young Majub. The following are the details:—

THE COLONIAL PLATE.—First Rs. 1,500, second Rs. 400 and third Rs. 200. A high weight handicap for ponies, 14-2 and under: Distance, one mile.

Mr Kelso's Encourage, 7st 12lbs.....McGlone 1
Messrs Goculdass' and Nanjee's Cheeky 8st 10lbs Hoyt 2
Mr Galstaun's Runaway Girl, 7st 7lbs...Ferguson 3
Mr Garda's Ask Mama (Late Waimoke) 9st 5lbs. Brown 4

BETTING.—6 to 4 on Ask Mama, 7 to 2 against Runaway Girl, 5 to 1 Cheeky, 7 to 1 Encourage.

THE RACE.—After some delay, Cheeky shewed out from a good start, then Encourage led from Ask Mama and Runaway Girl. This continued to the half mile where Runaway Girl put in a run drawing close to the leader these two being clear ahead at the turn. A good race ensued, but Encourage eventually held Runaway Girl safe, the latter being beaten on the post for second place. Won by-length and a half a head, two lengths. Time—1min 47secs.

Winner trained by Byramjee Rustomjee.

THE BEDOUIN PLATE.—First Rs. 1500, second Rs. 400 and third Rs. 200. A high weight handicap for Arabs. Distance, one and a quarter miles.

Mr. Oomer's Braganza, 8st 11lbs.....Evans 1
Mr. Heath's Sir Hugo, 7st 12lbs.....Kuhn 2
Messrs. Ali bin Talib and Goculdass' Meazer, 8st 11lbs .....Ferguson 3
Mr. G K's Parliament, 8st 7lbs.....Barrett 4

ALSO RAN:—Winchester, 8st. 8lbs; Hoyt; Young Salanie, 8st. 6lbs. Poole; Brigand, 2st. 8lbs. Fisher; Well Done, 8st. Brown; Bashir, 7st. (car. 7st. 2lbs.) Mujeed.

BETTING:—2 to 1 against Braganza, 5 to 1 Winchester, 6 to 1 Meazer, Parliament and Sir Hugo, 10 to 1 Well Done and twenties the rest.

THE RACE.—From a level start Braganza and Parliament shewed out then Winchester closed with them and subsequently Well Done went to the front from Sir Hugo, Parliament, Braganza and Winchester; at the mile Meazer drew up and passed the leader, Brigand also coming into third place; a furlong later Winchester ran second, Brigand going back and later Braganza began to draw up again. He was second at the half mile followed by Parliament and the three ran level round the bend, but from the distance Braganza came away comfortably Sir Hugo was late along the rails. Won by 3 lengths; a neck and 2 lengths. Time—2 mins 22 3-5secs.

Winner trained by Owner.

THE STEWARDS PURSE.—First Rs. 2,000, second Rs 500, and third Rs. 300. A high weight handicap for horses which have not won a flat race of the value of Rs. 2,000 or over since 31st March, 1909. Distance, one and a half miles.

Mr. Apcar's The Cockatoo 7st. 8lbs.....Kuhn 1
Mr. Man Mohan's Lady Spring 8st. 12lbs...Ames 2
Mr. G. K's Devereux 6st, 4lbs., (car. 6st. 12lbs.) Kamad 3
Mr. Avasia's Vancouver 8st, 2lbs., (car. 8st. 8lbs.) Evans 4

ALSO RAN.—The Loaf 8st. 5lbs. Bland; Sholto 8st., Barrett; Bally Maclune 7st. 12lbs., Fisher; Royal Scotland 7st. 10lbs., (car. 7st. 13lbs.) L. C. Hoyt.

BETTING.—7 to 4 against Vancouver; 3 to 1 Sholto; 5 to 1 Royal Scotland; 8 to 1 Lady Spring the Loaf and the Cockatoo, and longer odds the rest.

THE RACE:—Sholto and Ballymaclune got off worst from the bunched field, The Loaf, Devereux, The Cockatoo, and Lady Spring leading to the first bend where The Loaf led The Cockatoo, Devereux, Lady Spring, Royal Scotland and Sholto. At the nine furlongs The Cockatoo came up and the mile saw him with a clear lead, Vancouver here being fifth. Two furlongs later Devereux came along and passed the leaders with Lady Spring third, but at the last bend theses latter two came up again level with him. There was a good race home The Cockatoo finishing well and Vancouver coming too late after dropping back from the half mile. Won by 2 lengths; three-quarters and a head. Time—2mins 39secs.

Winner trained by Watson.

THE TALEGAON PLATE.—First Rs. 1,000, second Rs. 300, and third Rs. 200. A high weight handicap for Arabab ponies 14 hands and under which have not won a flat race of the value of Rs. 1,000 or over since 31st March, 1909. Distance 7 furlongns.

Mr. Goculdas' Baloz 8st 7lbs.....Hoyt 1
Mr. A. W. Melony's Aden 7st 7lbs.....Spencer 2
Messrs. Awad and Elias Issak's Nurgis 7st 11lbs.....Hazza 3
Mr. Ali bin Talib's Singer 8st 13lbs.....Southall 4

ALSO RAN.—Mudkoor 9st 10lbs, Brown; Dawood Beg 9st 2lbs, Yussuff; Fahad Beg 9st 1lb, Northmore; Young Thara 8st 10lbs Barrett; Director 8st Evans; Little Laffy 8st 4lb. Ferguson; William Rufus 7st. 12lbs. Melsom; Massal 7st. 10lbs. Native; Mutrood 7st. 7lbs. Kuhn; Antica 7st. 5lbs. Kamad.

BETTING.—4 to 1 against Young Thara and Mutrood; 5 to 1 Singer; 6 to 1 Mudkoor; 8 to 1 Baloz and Little Laffy; 10 to 1 Director and longer odds the rest.

THE RACE.—Baloz and Director were first to show out but then Massal shot away and before long was in lead by about ten lengths, Young Thara being fourth. At the half mile Aden drew up into third place behind Baloz and at last turn. the latter pair were in lead. They indulged in a ding dong finish in which Baloz just got the better by a neck; three lengths behind Nurgis came late into place two and a half lengths in front of Singer. Time—1 min. 39 4-5 secs.

Winner trained by Bleach.

THE SEPTEMBER PLATE.—First Rs. 2,000, second Rs. 500, and third Rs. 300. A high weight handicap for horses. Distance, five furlongs.

Mr. Gardas' Lumination 9st. 12lbs. .....Hill 1
Mr. R. R. S's Aquatic 9st. 11lbs.....Brown 2
Mr. G. K's Chivalry 7st. 7lbs. (cd.7s 10lbs) Barrett 3
Mr. Kelso's Paul Pry 8st. 13lbs.....Evans 4

ALSO RAN.—Lord Merv 8st. 4lbs. Ferguson; Malmsley 7st. 10lbs. Poole! Elser 7st. 9lbs. McGlone; The Cellarer 7st. 5lbs, Kuhn.

BETTING.—5 to 4 on Lumination; 4 to 1 against Paul Pry; 6 to 1 Aquatic; 8 to 1 Chivalry; 10 to 1 Malmsley; 12 to 1 Lord Merv.

THE RACE.—Lumination and Chivalry were first away from a fair start, Lord Merv falling in behind them followed by Elser with Aquatic poorly away at the bend. Chivalry on the rails led Elser coming outside, but then Lumination went to the front holding Chivalry and Paul Pry safe and staving off a strong late run by Aquatic. Won by a neck; length next, and one and a half. Time.—1min. 1 3-5secs.

Winner trained by W. Mumford.

THE LAWN PLATE.—First Rs. 1,500, second Rs. 400 and third 200, high weight handicap for Arab ponies 14 hands and under. Distance, 5 furlongs.

Mr. Ali bin Talib's Zoolphokar 9st. 1lb. Furguson 1
Mr. Mehta's Young Majub 8st.....Barrett 2
Mr. Oomer's Ashroff 9st.....Evans 3
Captain Hodgson's Dojan 6st. 11lbs.....Brown 4

ALSO RAN:—Abdul Malik, 9st. 11lbs., Brown; Majesty, 9st. 9lbs., Hill; Chechan, 8st. 3lbs., Robinson; Zuffer Beg. 7st. 13lbs., Kamad; Bay Middleton, 7st. 12lbs., Hoyt; Creditor, 7st. 11lbs., Southall; Sharar, 7st. 3lbs., (cd. 7st. 4lbs.), Kuhn; Grey Mist, 7st. 2lbs., Melsom; Woolwinder 7st. 1lb., Mujeed.

BETTING.—6 to 4 against Abdul Malik; 5 to 2 Ashroff; 7 to 1 Zoolphokarr; 8 to 1 Young Majub and fifteens and twenties the rest.

THE RACE.—A big field were sent away well together, Grey Mist being well in front from Sharar, Majesty, Chechan, Zoolphokarr and Young Majub. The last two mentioned began to draw up closer from the three furlongs and at the bend had caught and passed Grey Mist with Majesty and Dojan close up outside. Abdul Malik was shut in and Ashroff only got through in time to get placed, Zoolphokarr staying on comfortably by a length and a half; next; then head. Time—1 min. 7 secs.

Winner trained by Owner.

The totolisator's returns were as follows:—

FIRST RACE.—Win Rs. 66-8; places Rs. 38, and Rs. 28-8.

SECOND RACE.—Win Rs. 28; places Rs. 13, Rs. 17 and as 18.

THIRD RACE.—Win Rs. 77; places Rs. 33; Rs. 29-8, and Rs. 50-8.

FOURTH RACE.—Win Rs. 190; places Rs. 48-8; Rs. 42, and Rs. 154-8.

FIFTH RACE.—Win Rs. 19-8; places Rs. 12; Rs. 15-8, and Rs. 17.

SIXTH RACE.—Win Rs. 99-9; places Rs. 22; Rs. 21, and Rs. 13-8.

FOOTBALL.

The Durand Tournament.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, SEPT. 27.

The first match on Tuesday afternoon, was between the Royal Welsh Fusiliers and the Simla Volunteer Club. The game was exciting and every advantage was keenly disputed. Corners were frequently given, three against the Fusiliers and nine against the Volunteers, but from these no score resulted. At full time neither side had scored. Extra time of 20 minutes' duration was allowed, but still no decisive result was arrived even then. The Fusiliers attacked, but the Volunteers presented a stubborn defence and their goal-keeper saved cleverly.

R. Welsh Fusiliers	... nil.
Simla Volunteers	... nil.

The teams were as follows:—

R. W. Fusiliers.—Walker, Butcher, Spiers, Glarson and Hewitt, (forwards); Jones, Rogers and Grecott, (half-backs); Dunford and Murriell (full backs); and Piper (goal).

Simla Volunteers.—Ellis, Conquest, McGinn, Newton and Holman (forwards); Reilly, Wale and Baptista (half-backs); Salt and Allen (full-backs); and Danskin (goal).

LATER.

At the Durand Football this afternoon the 4th King's Royal Rifles met the 1st South Lancashires. At the beginning the Rifles pressed but soon after the Lancashires put on spurt and both teams went at it hard and fast. Although the Rifles had the better of the game for the most part they failed to score. In full time neither side scored. Play was continued for extra 20 minutes and ended again in a draw.

The second match was between the Royal Scots (cup holders) and the North Western Royal Volunteers. Scots made the First goal from a corner kick and second goal was scored by Ross. After some good play and passing by Volunteers, Nelson shot a goal. In the second half both teams pressed when Dunmore got the ball and scored for the Scots. Volunteers fought hard and Halloway securing the ball drove it into goal. The struggle was maintained when the ball was passed to France who shot another goal for the Scots who thus won by 4 to 2 goals. Volunteers defence was very good.

The Volunteers comprised Holloway, Cayill, Nelson, Smith and Soff (forwards); Asquith, Smith and Finngan (half back); Brabson and Crunden (full back) Robinson (Goal). Referee Curley.

The final of the Rovers' Tournament between the R. Warwickshire Regt. and the Loyal North Lance, will be played on the Cooperage Ground, Bombay, to-day. To avoid any interference with the game due to the shortness of the days and the consequent bad light, a start has been arranged for 5-15 p.m. prompt.

LESLIE SPRINTING COMPETITION.

In the Leslie Sprinting Competition was run off yesterday evening on the Cooperage Ground, Bombay. The Bombay F. C. had a walk-over against the Dorsets, Harwood being first and covering the ground in 11 2 5 secs.

RACING IN CALCUTTA.

The King's Cup.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, SEPT. 27.

In the revised prospectus for the cold weather races in Calcutta details are given of the King's Cup which is valued at 100 guineas. The race which is to be run on Wednesday, January 3, is a round course handicap for horses and the stakes are Rs. 20,000 to winner, Rs. 7,000 to the second, and Rs. 3,000 to third horse.

BOMBAY GYMKHANA MOUNTED SPORTS.

The following programme has been issued of the annual mounted sports of the Bombay Gymkhana, which are to be held on October 10, 12 and 14. The sports will commence each evening at 4-30 p. m.

Tent-Pegging—Individual—Triple Pegs.
Tent-Pegging—By Sections of four.
Jumping Competitions.
Jumping by Sections.
Pony Scurry Handicap (Cup valued at Rs. 49.)
Horse Scurry Handicap (Cup valued at Rs. 49).
"Lloyd Lindsay" Competition.
Polo Ball and Bucket.
V. C. Race.
Balaclava Melee.
Bending Race.
Musical Chairs.
Chatty Race.
Horse and Pony Scurry Handicap Consolation Race.—
Pre-Raphaelite Stakes.
Aunt Sally.
Whistling Coon.
Musical Chairs. (Ladies).
Tilting at Ring (Ladies)
Trotting Race. (Ladies).
Jumping Competition—(Ladies).
The Steuart Cup.—Selected Events.

THE POSITION AT CANTON.

Revolutionary Terrors.

The Canton correspondent of the "N. C. Herald," writing on Augt. 25th, says:—

Judging only by the reports of the native newspapers, there is positively a reign of terror in Canton, at least as regards Chinese suspected of being in touch with the restless party. Two days ago a young man, about twenty years of age, was caught in the street, taken to the official lock-up, and at two o'clock in the morning beheaded. Of course he was a suspect. Another man was arrested at Kungyik, the new town built about five years ago by Americanized Chinese. He was brought before the Chinese officials, and, it is reported, was subjected to terrible torture. Under pressure of this kind he was unable to keep his tongue quiet, and revealed that about forty men of his own clan were more or less in sympathy with the movement. When the officials had wrung this out of the poor wretch, they at once ordered his execution. This took place at Kungyik, the first execution that has been seen there. Then the police went to seek out the men mentioned by the late victim.

All the men that are arrested wear foreign clothes, and have discarded the queue. This alone at present, unless the man is well known, is a cause for suspecting any strange face in any district; and once a man is arrested, unless he can give a good account of himself, and indeed get some respectable person to stand surety for him, his chances of freedom are rather remote.

Even revolution has its comic side occasionally. A few days ago a Chinese, in foreign clothes, went in a chair to the Viceroy's yamen, and seems to have behaved in some peculiar way. At any rate, when he left his chair, and put his hand in his pocket to pay the chairbearers, all the people jumped to the conclusion that he was hunting for a bomb. The secretaries rushed into the inner apartments and hid themselves under beds and couches, and even some workmen, who were working upon a wall, were in such a fright that they sprang from the top of the wall, and some of them were badly hurt. And after all it was a false alarm.

TAX RIOTS IN KOCHAU.

Kochau is famous for its brick kilns. Recently, amongst the additional taxes imposed was one on bricks. It appears that in some way the man in charge of these taxes not only naturally irritated the people, by collecting a tax which they hated, but further irritated them by his methods. A deputation which went to see him on the subject without any success turned its attention to other matters and a mob attacked all the offices of the various taxes levied in the place, such as those on wine, leather, and pork. They then turned their attention to some of the shops of the richer people, and looted them, as no sufficient force of any kind was at hand to check them.

INDENTURED INDIANS IN SOUTH AFRICA.

Amended Rules Regarding Women and Children.

The "Union Gazette" of the 18th August, contains the following notification:—

His Excellency the Governor-General-in-Council has been pleased, under Section one hundred and sixteen of the Indian Immigration Law (No. 25, 1891, Natal), to approve the amended rules set forth in the Schedule hereto, which have been framed by the Indian Immigration Trust Board, Natal, under the provisions of the said Act. Government Notice No. 329, 1910 (Natal), is hereby cancelled.

1. No employer of labour shall be allowed or entitled to require work from

(a) a pregnant woman during pregnancy after the expiration of seven months of pregnancy; and, or—

(b) a woman so long as she is the mother of a child under three months of age.

2. Should it appear to any Indian medical officer (or other medical practitioner engaged by the employer where no medical circle exists) that, by reason of pregnancy, it is undesirable that any pregnant woman should work before the expiry of seven months of pregnancy, then such Indian medical officer (or other medical practitioner engaged by the employer where no medical circle exists) may give written notice to the employer, on a printed form as near as may be in terms of the Schedule hereto annexed, that such woman is unfit for work; and in the event of any such notice being given to any employer, such employer shall not be allowed or entitled to require work from such pregnant woman during such period as may be fixed by the Indian medical officer (or other medical practitioner engaged by the employer where no medical circle exists) giving such notice.

3. During such period as any woman may not be required to work under and in terms of the rule aforesaid, the employer of such woman shall be bound and obliged to provide such woman with food and rations on the minimum scale provided by the original contract of service between the employer and such woman.

4. Every employer of not less than twenty adult Indian immigrants is hereby required once at least in every period of three months, to muster all Indian women, accompanied by their young children not working for the employer, for examination by the Indian medical officer. The said examination shall be held at such time and place on the estate or place where the Indians are employed as the Indian medical officer may appoint on giving reasonable notice to the employer provided, however, that the Indian medical officer may, if he think fit, hold an examination more frequently than once in every period of three months but not more often than once in any one month. It shall be the duty of all Indian women, accompanied by their young children not working for the employer to attend the musters for examination whensoever thereto required by their employers.

5. All employers shall be bound to keep a book in which shall be recorded the names and numbers of all women and children, with their approximate ages, and each employer shall be bound to produce such book at the quarterly inspection, and the Indian medical officer shall record against each name in such book the date of inspection and any instruction to the employer the Indian medical officer may desire to record.

6. The foregoing rules shall not apply to re-indentured women who elect not to work.

7. Any employer failing to comply with the foregoing rules shall be liable on conviction to pay a fine not exceeding two pounds sterling (£2), and such penalty may be enforced at the instance of the Protector of Indian Immigrants in any Magistrate's Court having jurisdiction.

THE FOREIGN CABLE COMMUNICATION.

STATE OF INTERNATIONAL COMMUNICATION

Great Britain.	Continent of Europe.	America.	Australia.	China.	Africa.
Via Teheran Perfect.	Via Teheran Perfect.	Via Brest Perfect.	Via Penang Perfect.	Via Penang Perfect.	Via Aden Perfect.
Via Turkey Perfect.	Via Turkey Perfect.	Via Valentia Perfect.	Via Amoor Perfect.	Via Amoor Perfect.	Via Cadis Fenceriffe Perfect.
Via Suez Perfect.	Via Suez Perfect.	Via Direct Cable Perfect.	.....	Via Bhamo Perfect.	Via Lisbon St. Vincent Perfect.

Latest dates of Foreign Messages received at Bombay from the United Kingdom during the 24 hours ending at 8 p.m. of the 27th September, 1911.
(Difference in Longitude allowed for.)

Via	Latest Dates. D.	H.	M.	Time Occupied in Transmission Hrs.	Mts.
Turkey.....	26	3	35 p.m.	23	9
Teheran ...	27	12	25 p.m.	2	20
Suez.....	27	2	10 p.m.	...	21

ARRIVALS.

Per s. s. "Salsette," Sept. 29.

The P. and O's mail steamer "Salsette," with the English mails of the 15th instant, is expected to arrive in Bombay to-morrow, brings the following passengers.—

LONDON TO BOMBAY.

Tucker, Mr H S
Aries, Mr O F
Mellor, Mrs C B and child
Macpherson, Capt J
Lawford, Col S C B
Bouring, Mrs P F
Allen, Miss K
de Burgh, Mrs
Watt, Mrs O
Holland, Mr P T and Mrs
Day, Mrs H E child and infant nurse
Datt, I C S Mr A G
Tucker, Mrs H B
Parsons, Mr J
Richards, Mr J
Amor, Mr C T
Richards, Mrs J
Jameson, Rev A P C and Mrs
Andrews, Mr J H
Kimberley, Miss
Covell, Miss
Ives, Mr S St J
Jeffrey, Mr J P
Alderson's maid Mrs and (Miss A Datz)
Hyde, Mr H E
Kenns, Mrs and Mr
Alves, Capt W Mrs
Browning, Mr C A
Stephenson, Mr F H A
Edie, Mrs D C H and infant ayh
Yule, Mr H E
Whyte, Mr A H Mrs

MARSEILLES TO BOMBAY.

Were, Maj H H
Smith, Major A
Corbould, Mr P S and Mrs
Gordon, Mr L V
Irving, Mr M
Fraser, Hon S M Mrs and Miss
Kingston, Major E Mrs
Rice, Capt G
Graham, Capt D S
Miller, Miss V
Bannatyne, Capt N C
Molesworth, Mr W J
Norton, Mr E F
McLaughlin, Capt H D
Colmore, Mr H
Jones, Mr H L
Eaves, Mr A F
Brookes, Rev J A R
Troup, Mr W
Hutton, Lt Col G
Beatty, Maj L N
Dennie, Mr J O C
Spurgeon, Mr C E
Blackham, Maj R J and Mrs
Karrichh, Mr S
Alexander, Mr St L
Smith, Mr R S
Macpherson, Mr J
Palmer, Lt W G
Langer, Mr
Sutherland, Mr J and Mrs
Backhouse Miss P
Pierson, Mr C E
Spurrier, Capt R G and Mrs
Robertson, Mr A C
Sangster, Capt P B
Hector, Mr and Mrs
Leventon, Maj A
Sweetman, Major
Saunders, Maj A R and Mrs
White, Mr L
Lall, Mr B C
Stephens, Lt L N
Bockett, Mrs
Chevis, Mr W and Mrs
Pedley, Maj S H
Williams, Rt Rev A A
Williams, Capt R C
Cracey, Capt J
Hatfield, Mr H S
Thornbury, Mr P N
Crichton, Mr J B and Mrs
Mehta, Mr H M
Molinson, Capt J
Leighton, Capt
Strahey, Lt Col
Clark, (Mr Arnold)
Fennis, Maj J F
Gregory, Mr C N
Brown, Mr A M
Molesworth, Capt A L N
Baker, Capt R G
Cosgrave, Mr W A and Mrs
Anderson, Mr W M
Edie, Mr D C H
Hume, Capt N H
Hutchinson, Capt J R
Warden, R I M Comd and Staff
Coen, Mr E W
Lowe, Col B S
James, Lt F H
Lowe, Mrs R B
Vivian, Mr T
Thomas, Mr K B
John, Sir E
Temple, Mr B
Craven, Mr A S
Sutherland, Maj D W
Young, Mr W R
Gentl man
Clapton, Mr T
Henderson, Lt G
Mowbray, Capt J L
MacGregor, Capt W W
Parsons, Mr E
Johnson, Mr D S

BRINDISI TO BOMBAY.

Phileon, Lt Col
Karanjia, Mr B M
Bhasania, Mr M C
Byranger, P C Mr and Mrs
Footham, Lt Col E
Bilimoria, Mr H

LONDON TO KARACHI.—Monbray, Mr A G and Mrs

MARSEILLES TO KARACHI.

Ingram, Mr J A
Pannett, Mr and Mrs
Thompson, Mr W P Mrs
Laskie, Mr N
Capito, Mr C E
Cornah, Mr J R

Per s.s. "Newby Hall" Sept 29.

The Elderman Line s. s. "Newby Hall" is due to arrive here to-morrow with the following passengers who will be landed at Victoria Dock wall:—

LIVERPOOL TO BOMBAY.

Adkins, Mr C and Mrs
Kynaston, Mr H and Mrs
Lockwood, Mr Mrs and infant
Mumford, Capt Mrs and Miss

LIVERPOOL TO KARACHI.—Galloway, Mr R

DEPARTURES.

Per s. s. "Australien" Sept. 28.

The following passengers will proceed to Marseilles by the Messageries Maritimes Coy's steamer "Australien" to-day from the stream. There will be the usual medical inspection of the cabin passengers at Carnac Bunder at 4-30 p.m. Native servants and ayahs and all deck passengers must be at the Disinfection Shed, near the Prince's Dock, at 1-30 p.m., with all their baggage:—

Mitra, Mr T S
Ghosh, Mr B
Scott Smith, Mrs
Nazareth, Dr V E
Goho, Mr S C
Sosi, Mr D S
Rao, Mr S N
Paurcane, Mr A St
Nazir Hasan, Dr S
Mahiddin, Mr S
Ferrar Dante, Mr
Ramrao, Mr S
Alice Colville, Miss
Chas Raeburn, Mr
Bracliss, Mr
Wilkins, Mr A W
Litamant, Mr
Herroo, Mr
Hais, Mr
Portet, Mr and Mrs and child
Martha Barett, Miss
Emille Barett, Miss
Ontonille Barett, Miss
Marcelle Barett, Miss

PORT SAID.

Mahomed Hassum, Mr Mshomed, Mr
Abdulla, Mr

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY MAJOR W. BOUGHTON CHAMBERS, V. D. COMMANDING.

Bombay, 27th September.

218. Arms Issue of.—Arms and accoutrements will be issued daily (Sundays excepted) between the hours of 9 a. m. and 4 p.m. Members are requested to draw their Arms as soon as possible after this date as the Rifles not issued have to be stored in the Ordnance Department.

(No Rifles can be issued to Native Servants).

219. Musketry—The British Infantry Range at Colaba will be available for Spoon Competition and Practice on Sunday, 1st October, 1911. Ranges 200, 300 and 500 yards. Firing to commence at 7-30 a.m.

220. Prizes—Any members who did not receive their prize at the Annual Prize Distribution can obtain them at Headquarters any day between 10 a.m. and 4 p.m. (Sundays excepted).

E. P. CUDLIP, Capt. R. A., Adjt. B. V. A.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY COLONEL R. W. L. DUNLOP, V. D.

Bombay, 28th September.

807. Detail of Parades—

To-day, Thursday, the 28th instant.—"E" Coy Parade at Sir Richard Temple's Statue at 9-30 p.m. Dress Drill, Order Mufti.

Friday, the 29th instant.—"D" Coy parade at the Telegraph Quarters at 6-30 p. m. Dress.—Mufti without arms.

808. Musketry—The Range at Ghat Kopar is allotted for Class Firing as follows:—

Saturday, 30th instant "C" Coy.
Monday, 2nd prox.—"E" Coy.
Saturday, 7th prox "A" Coy.
Sunday, 8th prox "E" Coy.
Saturday, 14th prox "A" Coy.
Sunday, 15th prox "D" Coy.
Train leaves Victoria Terminus at 6-50 a.m.

The Range at Ghat Kopar is allotted for Viceroy's Prize Competitors on Sunday the 1st proximo, by train leaving Victoria Terminus at 6-50 a.m.

The Miniature Range at Carnac Road will be open for matches 16 to 18 on Saturday, the 30th instant, from 3 to 5 p.m.

809 Arms.—Arms will be issued to members of "C", "E" and "A" Coys. at Headquarters from 9 a.m. to 4 p.m. daily from 29th instant to 6th proximo (excepting Sunday 1st).

810 Leave.—The Commanding Officer has been pleased to grant leave of absence to No. 4461 Lce-Sergt H. Nicholls, "D" Coy from 25th September, 1911, to 24th September, 1912.

E. G. J. BYRNE, Captain, Adjt. B. V. R.

BY THE WAY.

THE "MARTYRS OF MIDDLESEX."

The magnificent view for which the "Star and Garter," which has been sold, has always been renowned is rather marred by the appearance of some factory chimneys in the remote distance. When Lord John Russell resided at neigbouring Pembroke Lodge his guests occasionally asked him what were the "obeliskes" they dimly described. He always calmly replied: "Those are the memorials of the martyrs of Middlesex." Oddly enough, nobody ever had sufficient curiosity to make any further inquiry about the names of these imaginary martyrs or the details of their martyrdom.

AN ISLAND AS PUBLIC PARK.

The latest idea in municipal enterprise is an island for a public park. The War Office having just disposed of Dalkey Island, in Dublin Bay, the local Council of Dalkey town have arranged to convert it into a People's Park. For centuries the island was selected as a safe retreat during the epidemic diseases which visited Ireland. Towards the close of the eighteenth century, when an invasion by the French was expected, the Irish Parliament had it fortified. An annual carnival, known as the "Kingdom of Dalkey," was held on the island in the days of the Irish Parliament, but as it eventually assumed the character of a political display, it ceased to exist on the eve of the Union.

CROSSED CHEQUES IN FRANCE.

In England people are so familiar with the safeguards afforded by the simple process of crossing a cheque that the statement that the Bank of France is proposing to adopt a similar procedure for the Republic comes rather as a surprise. A Bill to this end was brought before the French Parliament some time ago, but so far no legislative action has been taken in the matter, despite the obvious advantages arising from the adoption of the system. The Bank of France, pending the promulgation of a law on the subject, has accordingly offered to supply to any of its clients who desire to avail themselves of the English and American

THE TWO SERVICES.

ADMIRALTY AND RETIRED OFFICERS.

The decision of the Admiralty to discontinue the courses of instruction in gunnery and torpedo for retired officers has created considerable disappointment. Among the officers on the retired list there are many who have been compelled, owing either to the regulations or the absence of any prospect of promotion, to terminate their active service career when they are still full of health and vigour, and it is considered a grave mistake to exclude the whole of these officers from keeping in touch with the progress in gunnery and torpedo. In effect, these officers will be permitted to drift away from the channels of instruction through which they have hitherto passed periodically at Portsmouth and Plymouth, and instead of being, as now, a valuable reserve, they will depreciate very much as an asset of the service should occasion arise for utilising their services. The decision of the Admiralty looks, on the face of it, to be such a mistaken one as to call for an explanation of the reasons for denying these officers the opportunity, which they have greatly appreciated, of keeping themselves up to date in the development of the gun and torpedo by means of the courses of instruction hitherto within their reach.

FLAG LIST CHANGES.

The tide of promotion has been on the flow with exceptional rapidity this year, as is shown by the fact that during the first eight months of 1911 no fewer than fourteen captains have been advanced to flag rank, compared with nine only for the whole of last year. At the commencement of 1911 it was pointed out that the year would witness more than the average number of changes in rank owing to the operation of the rules governing retirement. There, however, have already been far exceeded, and even if no further changes took place between now and the end of December, the year would be a memorable one for the large number of removals from the flag list. Of the fifteen admirals whose names have disappeared from the active list since January 1, three (Lord Fisher, Lord Charles Beresford, and Admiral Sir C. Drury)have been overtaken by the age rules, two (Admiral Sir A. G. Curzon-Howe and Vice-Admiral Foley) have died, four (Admiral Sir W. Dyke Acland, Vice-Admirals W. Graham and B. Foote and Rear-Admiral H. Warren) have had to submit to the unemployment rule affecting retirement, and six (Admiral Sir W. H. Fawkes, Admiral C. J. Barlow, and Rear-Admirals J. Wilkinson, L. Tufnell, A. Ewart, and S. de Horsey) have withdrawn voluntarily. The fact of fourteen captains having been advanced, whereas fifteen flag officers have gone off the active list, is accounted for by Lord Fisher being borne as an additional Admiral of the Fleet, so that his retirement did not create a vacancy. Only one more automatic change will take place during the year, this being caused by the retirement of Rear-Admiral Walker under the unemployment rule.

GUN-HITTING POWER.

The term "gun-fire" which has been so freely used during past generations may soon become as obsolete as the guns in conjunction with which it was used. We are rapidly changing not only the nature of the method of using our guns, but also the familiar terms which we have in the past applied to naval gunnery. For instances, instead of using the old term "effective gun-fire," experts are substituting the term gun-hitting." In practice, what is aimed at by gunnery men is rapidity of fire, or "gun-hitting" power, which means that rapidity of fire must also be conducive to rapidity of hitting, if the highest standard of gun efficiency is to be obtained. The loading and firing of guns may be carried out, obviously, with great rapidity, without the maximum amount of hitting being obtained, if the weapons are not well and truly laid. Rapidity of hitting is the highest point, and indeed almost the only point, to be considered in gunnery efficiency, and it is that which is being aimed at now, as it has been in the past, only the methods of "getting there" are being placed on a more scientific footing than they have hitherto occupied. This science chiefly consists, according to the latest ideas, in broadside fire, in which rapidity of fire and rapidity of hitting has the opportunity of rising to its highest point; because the guns are loaded and fired together, and the smoke has time to clear away between the rounds. The maximum of gun-hitting power is best developed in broadside fire from middleline mountings. These things sound strange to the ears of old naval men, but they have come in with other innovation, such as the "wireless," "submarine," "airship," and "aeroplanes," and will remain with us as long probably.

SELF-HELP IN THE NAVY.—

It is satisfactory to find that there is a rapidly-growing earnestness among the rank and file of the Navy to do all that they can do to help forward their own charities. The united efforts of the Navy and Army at the London Tournament each year is no less an exhibition of this spirit of endeavour to help themselves than it is a first-class display of head and hand skill in carrying out the numerous events of the programme they present. Another instance of the great interest which has been aroused in this matter of self-help during recent years is the steadily-growing amount subscribed each year at the Trafalgar Day collections. But these two satisfactory sources of income for naval and military charities are each year being more and more supplemented at the large naval and military centres by tattoos and tournaments which are scarcely second in interest in some of their items to those seen at Olympia each summer; and an increasing amount of money from these sources now goes to augment the sums received from the Trafalgar collection and the London Tournament. The week before mail week a very successful series of main events ended. "Side shows" were arranged at the Royal Naval Barracks at Chatham, which were largely patronised by the public, and at which the "gate" was satisfactory. The workers were helped by the weather, but that does not detract one iota from the great credit which is due to the officers and men who arranged and carried out the tournament as a whole, for a vast amount of time and labour must have been spent in what was probably a labour of love to those engaged in it. The proceeds go towards the support of an Orphan Home which the Naval Depot at Chatham started some years ago, and which, to their credit, they have kept going in a highly efficient way ever since. The commodore, and his officers and men are to be congratulated on both that good cause and the successful entertainment to support it.

PROMOTION TO RANK OF MAJOR-GENERAL.

From now to the end of the year promotion to the rank of major-general will be more or less at a standstill. It is well to remember, however, that the colonels coming forward for the oakleaf lace will have no substantive cause of grievance, as their position and prospects have been materially improved by the action of the Selection Board in rejecting the claims of many good men on grounds which it would often be difficult to explain. The death of Major-General Plowden creates an unexpected vacancy.

IMPROVEMENT IN ARMY DISCIPLINE.

It is gratifying to find how greatly the discipline of the Army has improved of late years. There is no doubt that this is largely due to the better education which the young men nowadays receive who form the bulk of the classes from which recruits are drawn. But the advance of temperance has a great deal to do with the matter also. It is something for the Army Council to be able to say that they were in the position last year to close for good the Military Prison at the Curragh and the Chatham branch Detention Barrack.

COLONIAL RELIEF SEASON.

The Indian and Colonial relief season will open this month, when the 2nd Battalion Scottish Rifles will leave Southampton on the transport "Somali" for Malta, to relieve the 2nd Battalion Somersetshire Light Infantry. The fact that the 2nd Battalion Somersetshire Light Infantry has received orders from the War Office preparing it for removal to Tientsin may be taken as evidence that there is no probability of any early scuttling from North China. Not long ago there were reports that the Government favoured a policy of withdrawl. These statements were quite well founded at the moment of their circulation; but the attitude adopted by other Powers had the effect of modifying the Ministerial view. Much has happened since to show how foolish we should have been to yield to the demands of the Little Englanders.

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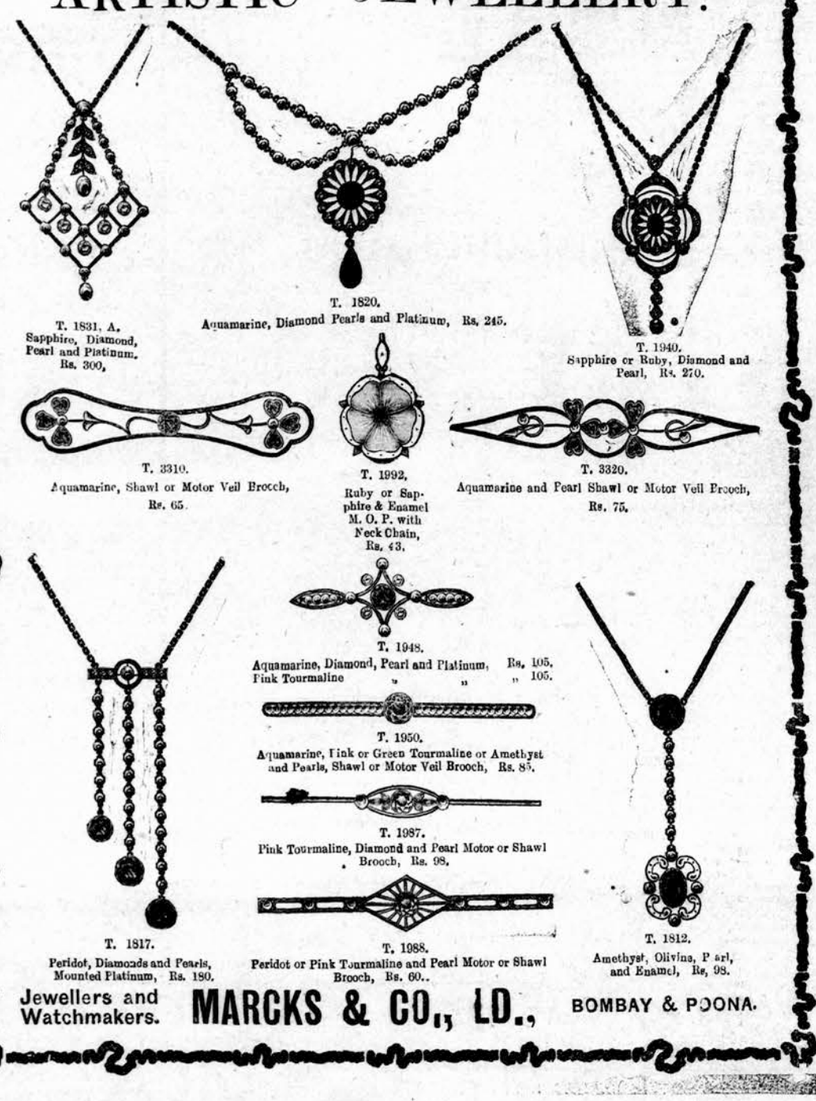

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T. 1820. Aquamarine, Diamond Pearls and Platinum, Rs. 245.

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T. 3310. Aquamarine, Shawl or Motor Veil Brooch, Rs. 65.

T. 1992. Ruby or Sapphire & Enamel M. O. P. with Neck Chain, Rs. 43.

T. 3320. Aquamarine and Pearl Shawl or Motor Veil Brooch, Rs. 75.

T. 1948. Aquamarine, Diamond, Pearl and Platinum, Rs. 105. Pink Tourmaline " " " 105.

T. 1950. Aquamarine, Pink or Green Tourmaline or Amethyst and Pearls, Shawl or Motor Veil Brooch, Rs. 85.

T. 1987. Pink Tourmaline, Diamond and Pearl Motor or Shawl Brooch, Rs. 98.

T. 1817. Peridot, Diamonds and Pearls, Mounted Platinum, Rs. 180.

T. 1988. Peridot or Pink Tourmaline and Pearl Motor or Shawl Brooch, Rs. 60.

T. 1812. Amethyst, Olivine, Pearl and Enamel, Rs. 98.

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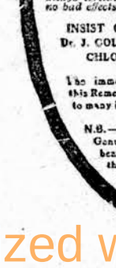

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